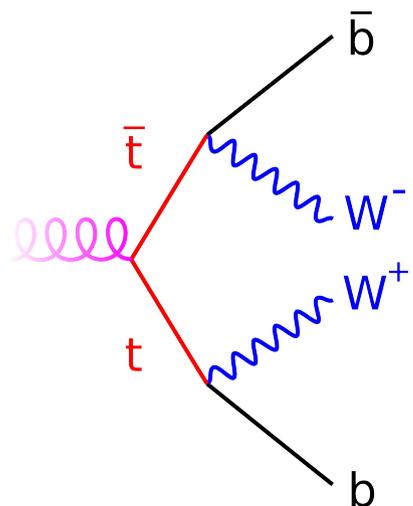


Measurement of the top quark pair production cross section at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV

Julien Caudron (UCLouvain), on behalf of CMS Collaboration

- Introduction
- Semi-leptonic:
 - strategy
 - analysis using b-tag
 - analysis without b-tag
- Dileptonic:
 - strategy
 - results
- Combination of semi-leptonic and dileptonic

**DIS2011, Newport News
April 14th 2011**



The $t\bar{t}$ pair production decays in 2 W bosons and 2 b quarks
 The decays of the W bosons determine the final state:

- dileptonic, where the ee (1.9%), $e\mu$ (2.7%) and $\mu\mu$ (1.9%) final states are studied
- semi-leptonic, where the e +jets (17%) and μ +jets (17%) final states are studied

In 2010, CMS has collected an integrated luminosity of **35.9 pb⁻¹** of data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV

First publication: A first measurement at 3.1 pb⁻¹ in the dileptonic channel:

TOP-10-001: «*First Measurement of the Cross Section for Top-Quark Pair Production in Proton-Proton Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV*», Phys. Lett. B695 (2011) 424

Recent results, for 35.9 pb⁻¹:

- TOP-10-002: «*Measurement of the $t\bar{t}$ Pair production Cross Section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV using the **Kinematic Properties of Lepton + Jets Events***»
- TOP-10-003: «*Measurement of the $t\bar{t}$ Pair Production Cross Section at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV using **b-quark Jet Identification Techniques in Lepton + Jets Events***»
- TOP-10-005: «*Measurement of the top-quark pair-production cross section in the **dilepton channel** at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV*»
- TOP-11-001: «*Combination of top pair production cross sections in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and comparisons with theory*» (= **TOP-10-003** and **TOP-10-005** combined results)

Selection:

one lepton (with second lepton veto):
 $p_T > 30$ (20) GeV/c, $|\eta| < 2.5$ (2.1) for e (μ),
Isolated in tracker and calorimeter

jets selection:
 corrected Jet, $|\eta| < 2.4$

$p_T > 30$

no b-tags analysis

$p_T > 25$

\cancel{E}_T and b-tag selection:
 $\cancel{E}_T > 20$, Secondary Vertex
b-tag analysis

Main backgrounds :

- $W \rightarrow \ell \nu + \text{Jets}$, divided in b-jets, c-jets and light-jets in b-tag analysis
- $Z \rightarrow \ell \ell + \text{Jets}$, $\gamma + \text{Jets}$, Single top
- QCD (estimated from data)

Cross section measurement :

Obtained from fit of distributions:

for **b-tag analysis**:

Simultaneous fit of

- Secondary Vertex Mass (from tracks associated with the vertex with a pion mass assumption)
- Number of jets and b-tagged jets

for **no b-tags analysis**:

- \cancel{E}_T for = 3 jets
- M3 for ≥ 4 jets (inv. mass of the 3 jets of highest $|\sum \vec{p}_T|$)

Fit procedure :

For each process i , for each channel (lept) and jets / b-tagged jets bin (jets, tag) :

$$\underbrace{N_i^{\text{pred}}(\text{lept, jets, tag})}_{\text{Number of predicted events}} = \underbrace{k_i}_{\text{Scale factor for the simulated cross section}} \cdot \underbrace{N_i^{\text{MC}}(\text{lept, jets, tag})}_{\text{Number of events predicted by MC corrected for Data/MC discrepancies}} \cdot \prod_X \underbrace{P_i^X(\text{lept, jets, tag} | \mathcal{R}_X)}_{\text{Polynomial functions describing the effect of the nuisance parameter, obtained from MC}}$$

Nuisance parameter, where X can be:
b-tag efficiency, mistag, JES, Q^2 scale

The fit is done simultaneously on i , lept, jets and tag, its parameters are k_i and \mathcal{R}_x .

Constraints:

k is constrained around a normalization factor from simulation or from data driven estimate

Systematic uncertainties:

incorporated in the profile likelihood or treated additionally

Systematics for e+jets and μ +jets analysis :
(sources correlated)

Source	Uncertainty (%)
Systematic uncertainties	
Lepton ID/reco/trigger	3
Unclustered E_T^{miss} resolution	< 1
$t\bar{t}$ + Jets Q^2 -scale	2
ISR/FSR	2
ME to PS matching	2
PDF	3.4
Profile likelihood parameters	
Jet energy scale and resolution	7.0
b tag efficiency	7.5
W+Jets Q^2 -scale	9.1
Combined	11.6

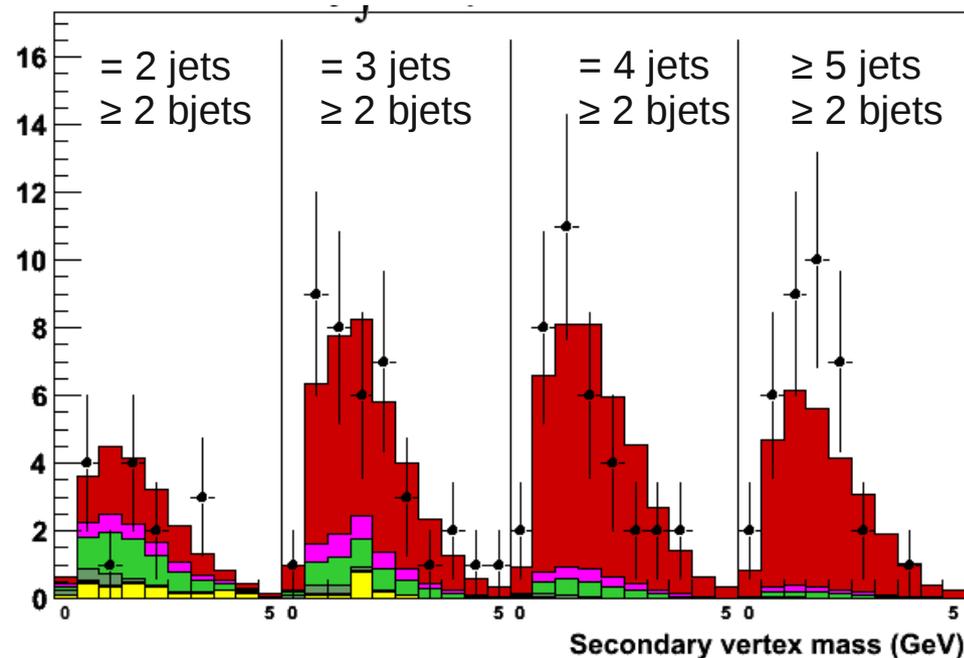
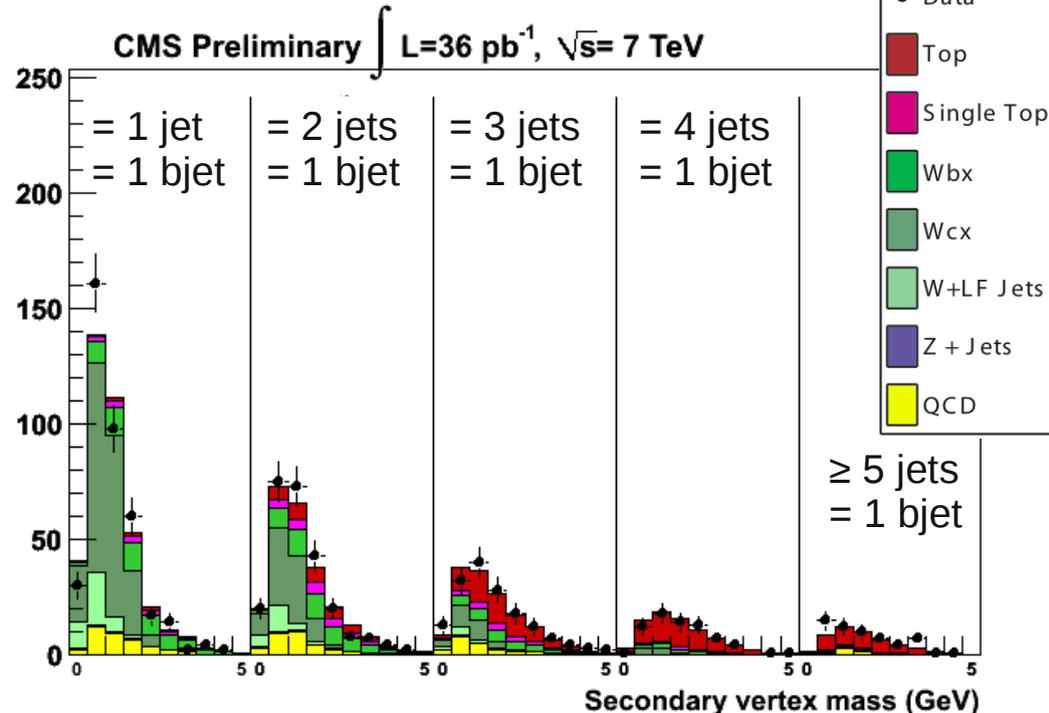
Results :

The fit returns values for:

- b-tag scale factor: $97.5^{+5\%}_{-4\%}$
(consistent with other b-tag studies)
- Jet Energy Scale: slightly harder than predicted
- scale factors w.r.t. the NLO prediction:
 - for Wb: $1.9^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$
 - for Wc: 1.4 ± 0.2
(which are similar to recent observations at Tevatron)
- $k_{\bar{t}t}$, leading to the $\bar{t}t$ cross-section:

$$\sigma_{\bar{t}t}(\text{semi-lept with b-tag}) = 150 \pm 9 \text{ (stat)} \pm 17 \text{ (syst)} \pm 6 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

Fitted secondary vertex mass in e+jets channel :



Fit procedure on \cancel{E}_T or M3 :
 simultaneous fit of signal and background contamination
 for both channels,
 based on templates (from sim. and data)

Syst. uncert. : Effect on simulated templates when $\pm 1\sigma$ variation
 Dominant effect: JES

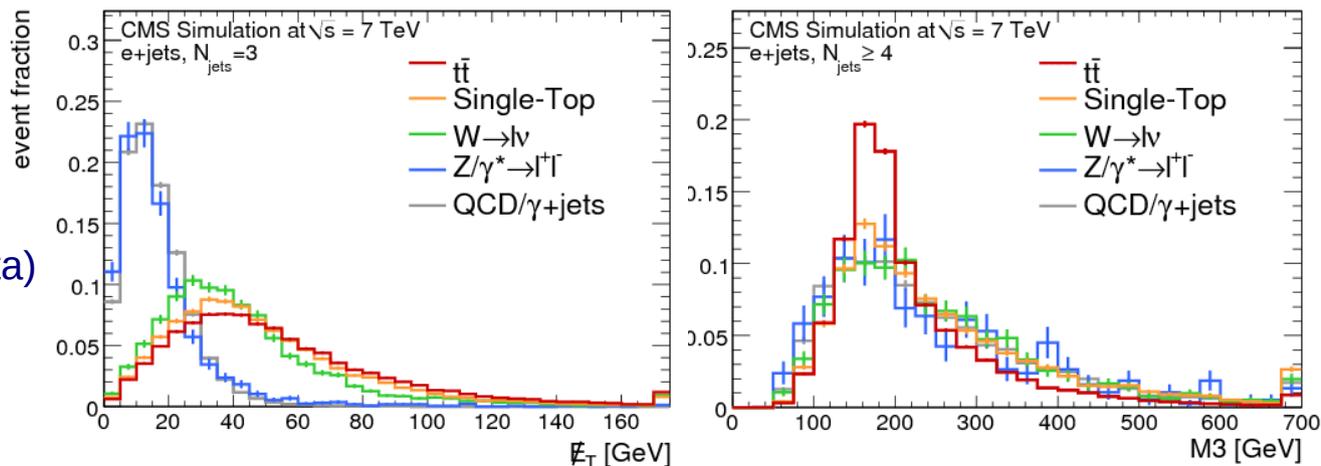
(followed by W+jets Q^2 scale)

Constraints:

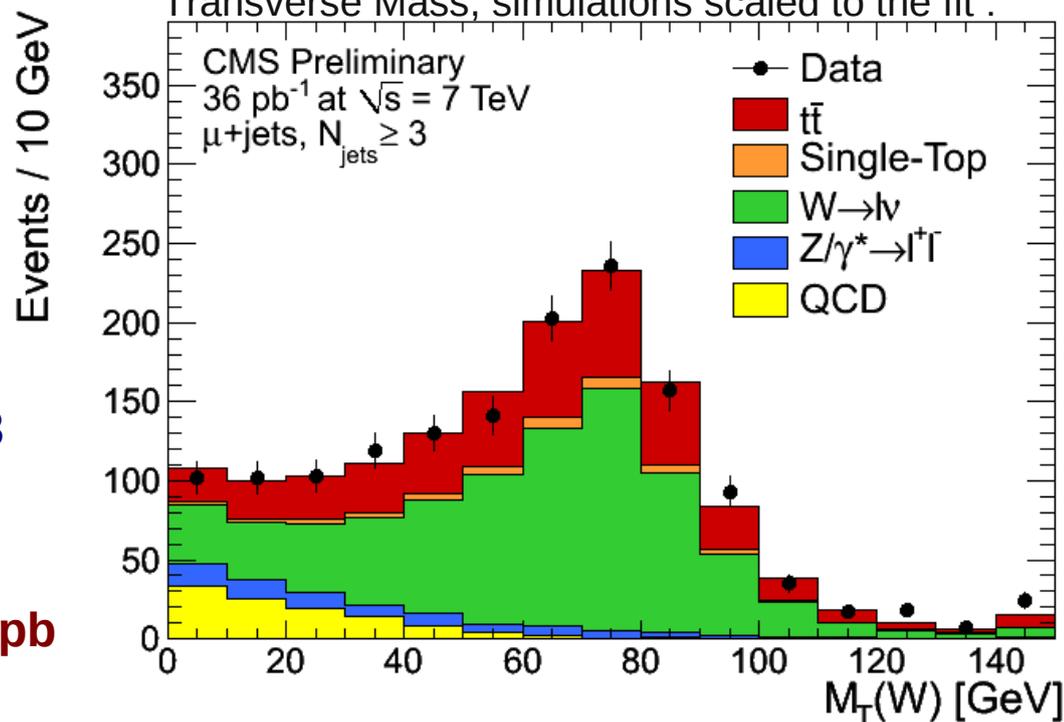
- QCD normalization depending on the channel
- $N(W+jets) / N(Z+jets) = \text{theory} \pm 30\%$,
- Normalization factor w.r.t. theory are ≥ 0 ,
- Single Top normalization factor = 1.0 ± 0.3

→ $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ (semi-lept without b-tag) = 173^{+39}_{-32} (stat+syst) ± 7 (lumi) pb

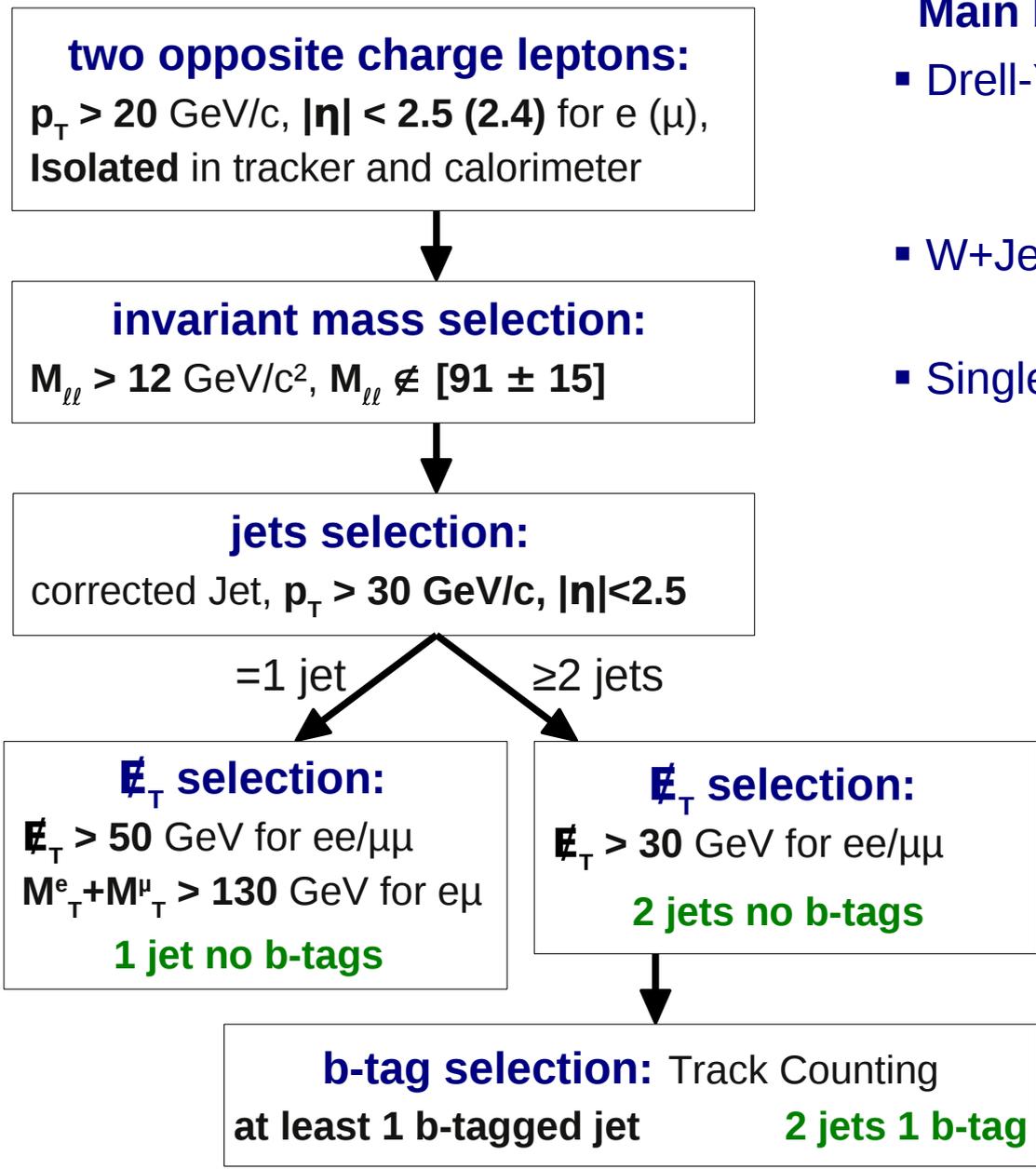
templates in e+jets :



Transverse Mass, simulations scaled to the fit :



Selection:



Main backgrounds after leptonic selection :

- Drell-Yan $\rightarrow \ell\ell$: main background, rejected by Z veto, jets and \cancel{E}_T , **estimated from data**
- W+Jets, semi-lept. $t\bar{t}$, QCD: from non-W/Z decays, **estimated from data**
- Single top tW , diboson, $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$: small cross-sections, **estimated from MC**

Cross section measurement :

using a simple counting method:

$$\sigma_{\text{data}}^{t\bar{t}} = \sigma_{\text{theory}}^{t\bar{t}} \frac{N - B}{SF \cdot S_{\text{exp}}} = \frac{S_{\text{obs}}}{SF \cdot \mathcal{L} \cdot A}$$

SF: Data/MC scale factor,

S_{exp} : Expected signal evts from simulation

For each channel, for **2 jets no b-tags**, **2 jets 1 b-tag** and **1 jet no b-tags**

\rightarrow 9 cross sections measurements, combined to obtain 1 dilepton cross section.

Systematic uncertainties :

- For signal selection: cf. table
(given in percent, the sources are uncorrelated, the channels are 100% (anti)correlated)
- For backgrounds:
 - extracted from the data-driven methods
 - assigned conservatively from the MC simulation
- For luminosity uncertainty: 4%

Source	$N_{\text{jet}} = 1$		$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 2$	
	$e^+e^- + \mu^+\mu^-$	$e^\pm\mu^\mp$	$e^+e^- + \mu^+\mu^-$	$e^\pm\mu^\mp$
Lepton selection	1.91/1.30	1.11	1.91/1.30	1.11
Energy scale	-3.0	-5.5	3.8	2.8
Lepton selection model	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Branching ratio	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Decay model	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Event Q^2 scale	8.2	10	-2.3	-1.7
Top-quark mass	-2.9	-1.0	2.6	1.5
Jet and \cancel{E}_T model	-3.0	-1.0	3.2	0.4
Shower model	1.0	3.3	-0.7	-0.7
Pileup	-2.0	-2.0	0.8	0.8
Subtotal (before tags)	11.2/11.1	13.1	8.0/7.9	6.2
b tagging (≥ 1 b tag)			5.0	5.0
Subtotal with tags			9.5/9.4	8.0
Luminosity	4	4	4	4

Final state	e^+e^-	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$e^\pm\mu^\mp$
At least two jets, no b-tagging requirement			
Events in data	23	28	60
All backgrounds	5.5 ± 2.3	9.5 ± 4.3	6.7 ± 2.0
Cross section, pb	$189 \pm 52 \pm 29 \pm 8$	$159 \pm 45 \pm 39 \pm 6$	$160 \pm 23 \pm 12 \pm 6$
At least two jets, at least one b-jet			
Events in data	15	24	51
All backgrounds	2.3 ± 1.4	3.8 ± 2.0	3.0 ± 1.4
Cross section, pb	$150 \pm 46 \pm 22 \pm 6$	$186 \pm 45 \pm 25 \pm 7$	$156 \pm 23 \pm 13 \pm 6$
One jet, no b-tagging requirement			
Events in data	8	10	18
All backgrounds	2.1 ± 0.7	7.1 ± 4.3	4.9 ± 1.5
Cross section, pb	$282 \pm 135 \pm 45 \pm 11$	$107 \pm 119 \pm 163 \pm 4$	$200 \pm 65 \pm 35 \pm 8$

Results:

9 cross sections are obtained

2 jets 1 b-tag: more precise than without b-tag for the ee and $\mu\mu$ channels (but not for the $e\mu$ channel)

1 jet no b-tags: less precise but improves the combined result

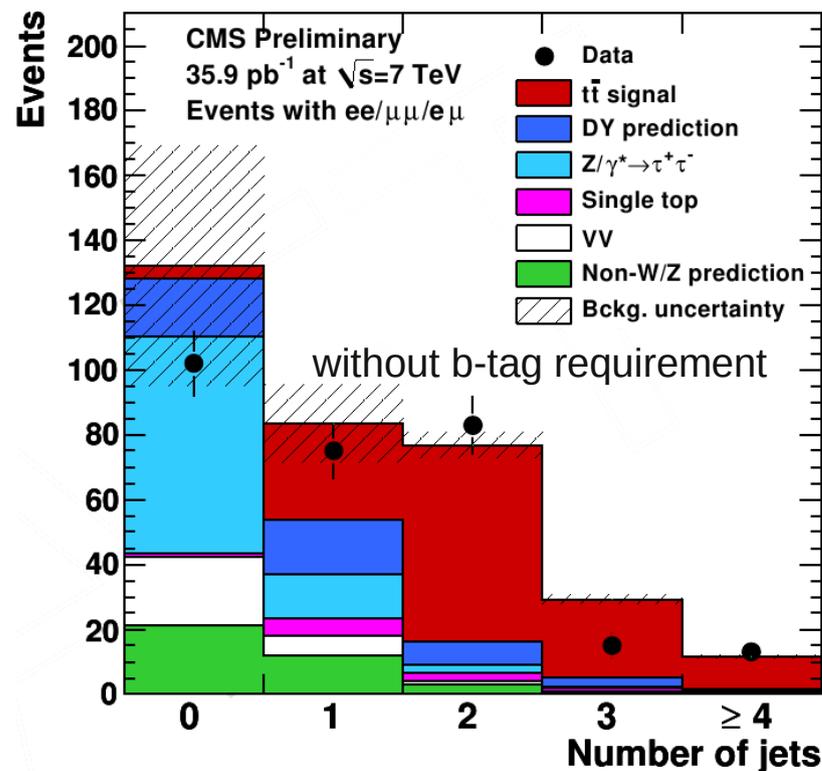
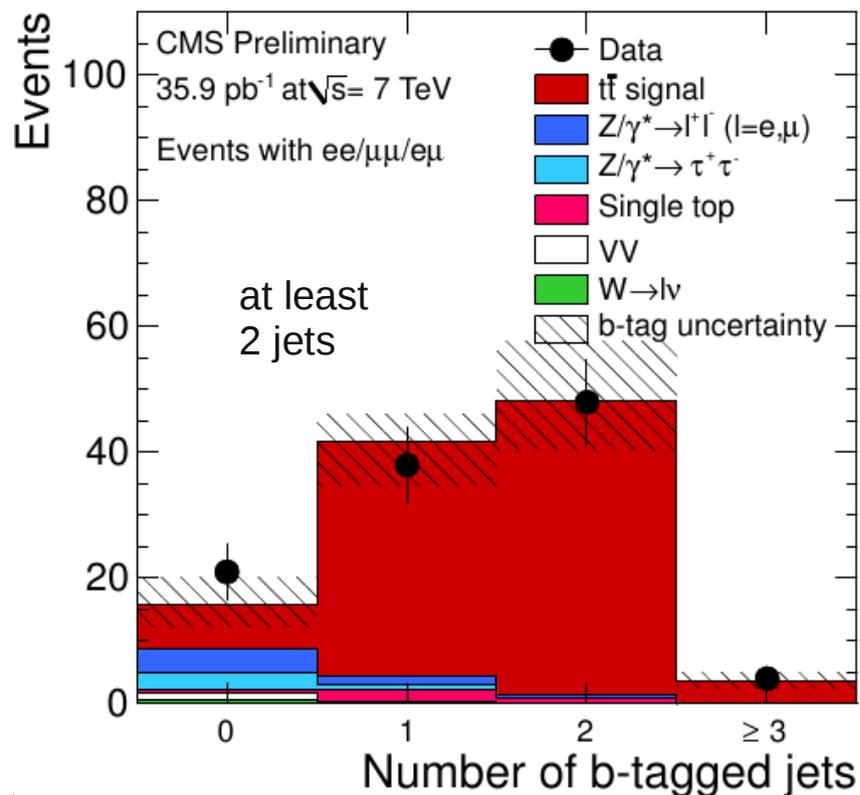
Combination method:

The 9 cross sections are combined using the BLUE technique (Best Linear Unbiased Estimator)
It takes into account the correlations between different contributions to the measurements

Results after combination:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\text{dilepton}) = 168 \pm 18 (\text{stat}) \pm 14 (\text{syst}) \pm 7 (\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

The luminosity uncertainty can be reduced using the normalisation w.r.t. to Z/γ^* evts in the $[76, 106] M_{\ell\ell}$ window



Combining the results, using the BLUE technique:

- dileptonic : 168 ± 18 (stat) ± 14 (syst) ± 7 (lumi) pb
- semi-leptonic : 150 ± 9 (stat) ± 17 (syst) ± 6 (lumi) pb

→ $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\text{CMS}) =$
 158 ± 10 (unc.) ± 15 (cor.) ± 6 (lumi) pb

where unc. : statistical uncertainties + background modelling in the dileptonic analysis

cor.: all the other uncertainties

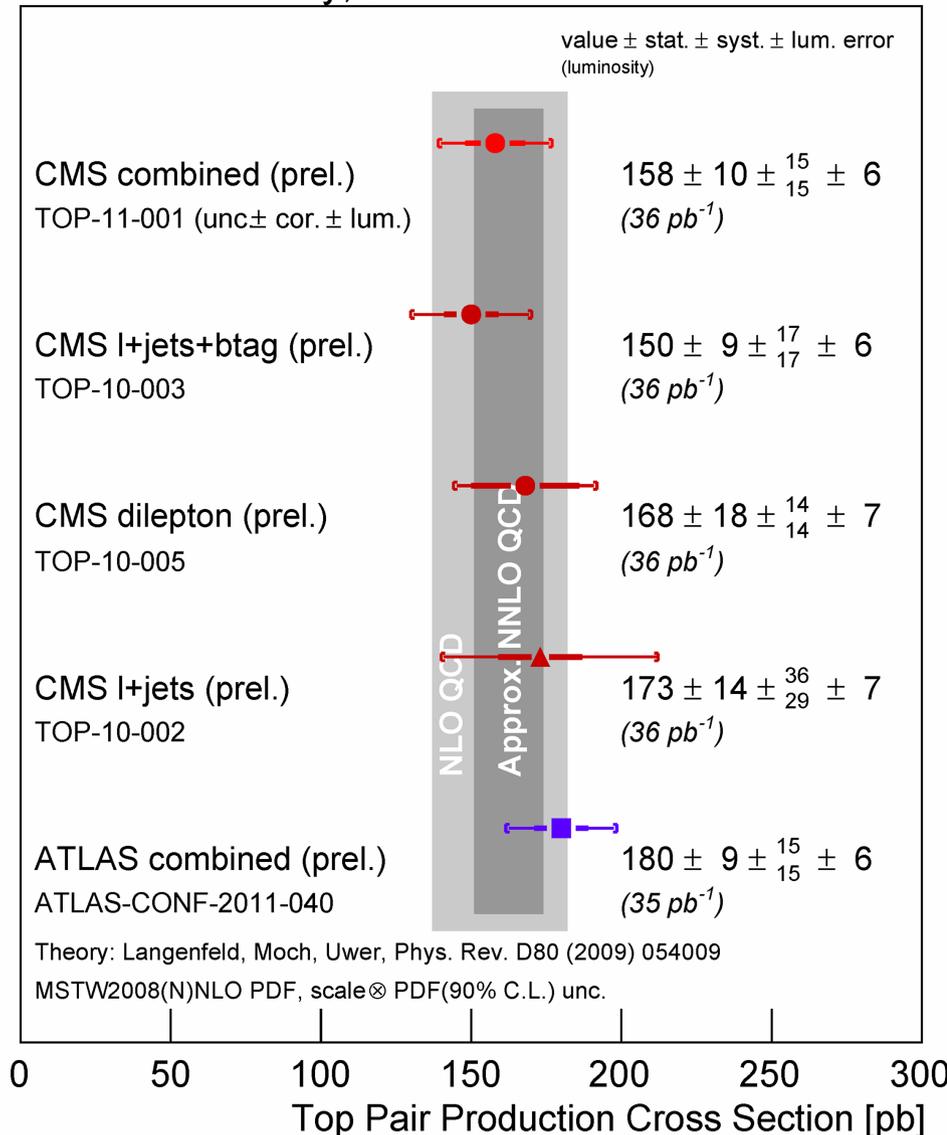
This result is consistent with the theoretical $t\bar{t}$ cross section at approximate NNLO :

$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\text{HATHOR}) = 164_{-9}^{+5}$ (scale) $_{-9}^{+9}$ (pdf) pb

$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\text{Kidonakis}) = 163_{-5}^{+7}$ (scale) $_{-9}^{+9}$ (pdf) pb

and more precise than the NLO theory uncertainty

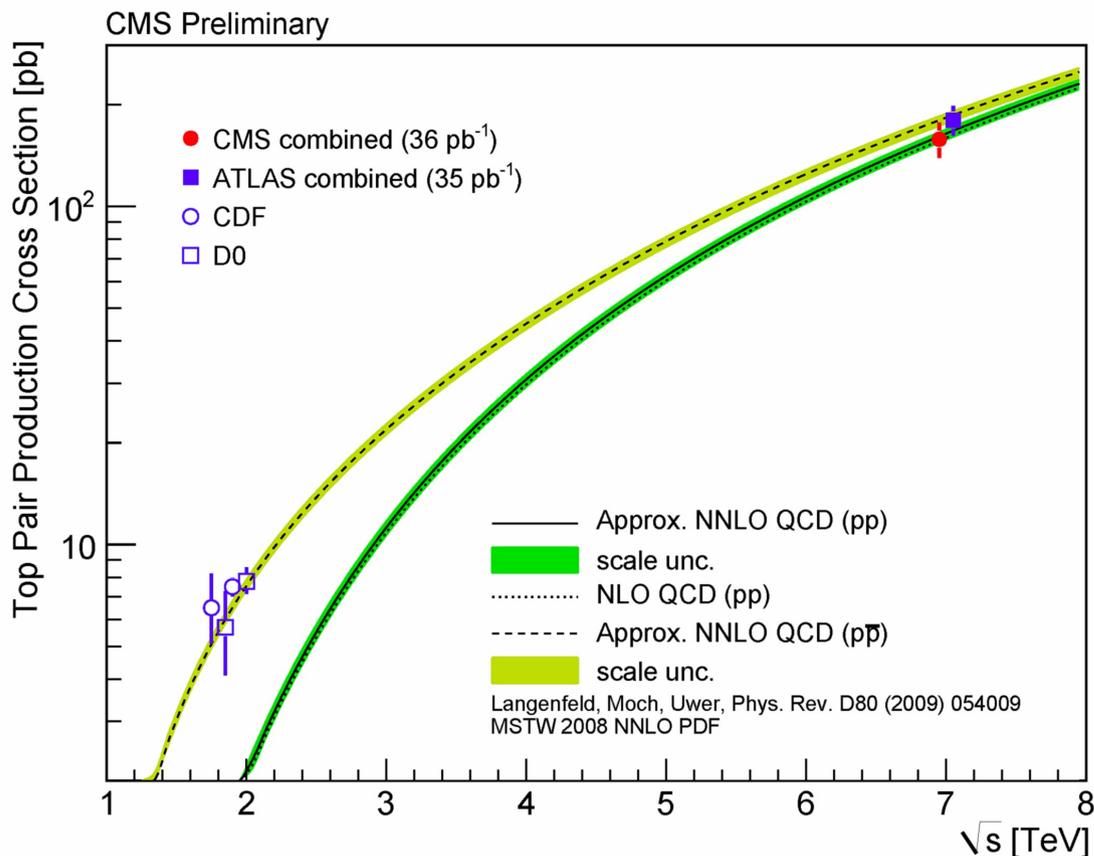
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV



With **35.9 pb⁻¹** of data, harvested during the year 2010 at **$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV**, the CMS collaboration has extracted $t\bar{t}$ production cross section in the dileptonic and semi-leptonic channels.

Combining the dileptonic and semi-leptonic with b-tag using the BLUE technique, we obtain:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\text{CMS}) = 158 \pm 10 \text{ (unc)} \pm 15 \text{ (cor)} \pm 6 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$



This result is in good agreement with the theory and fits nicely with previous data

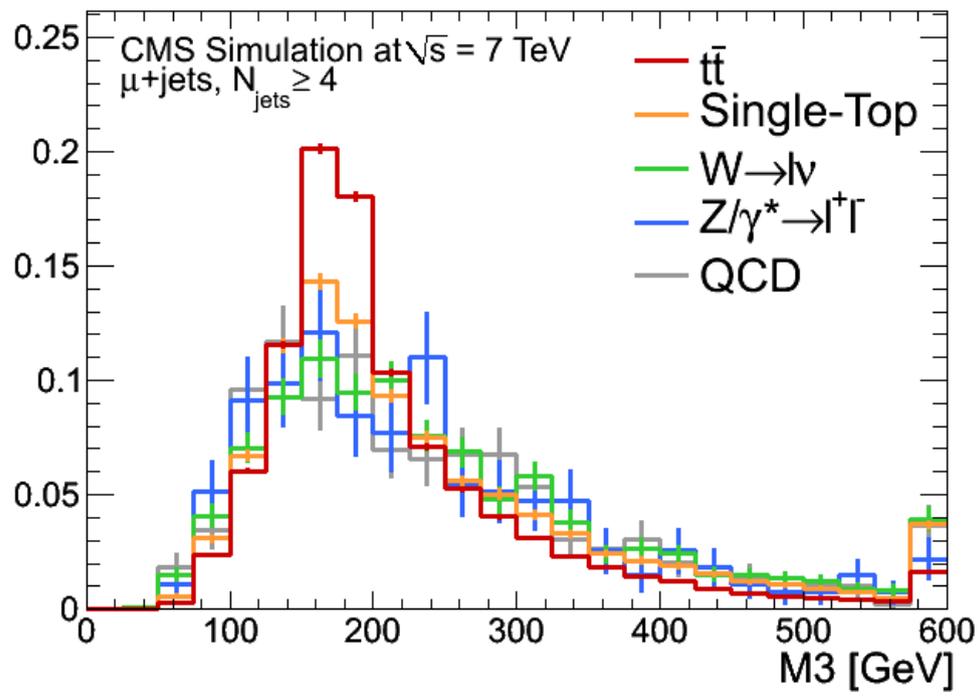
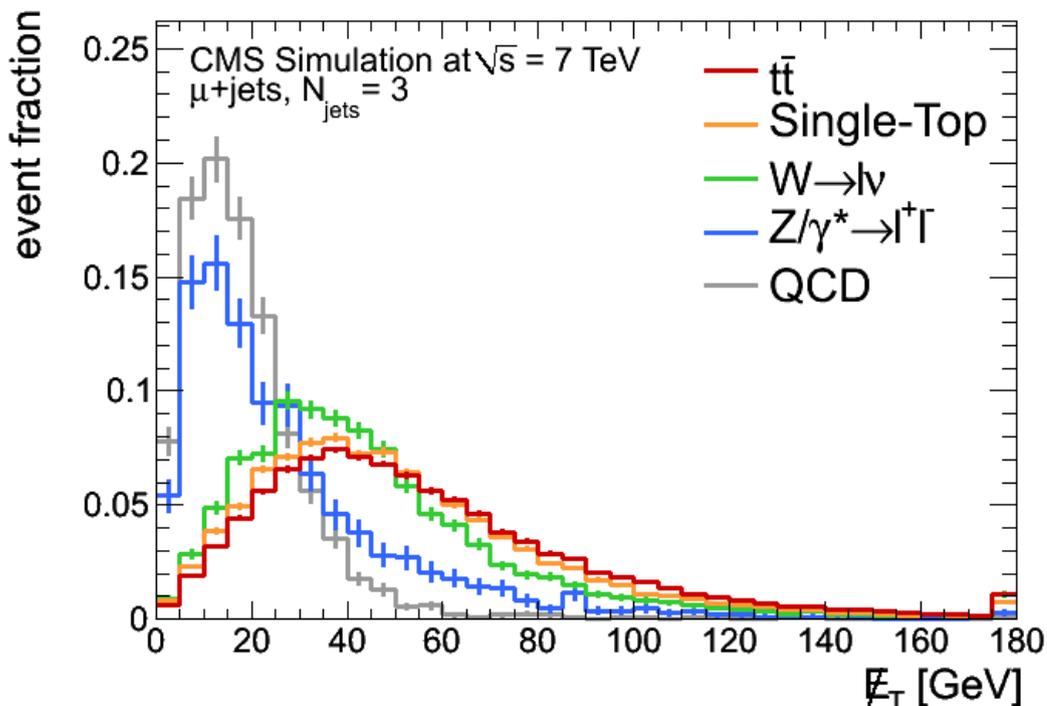
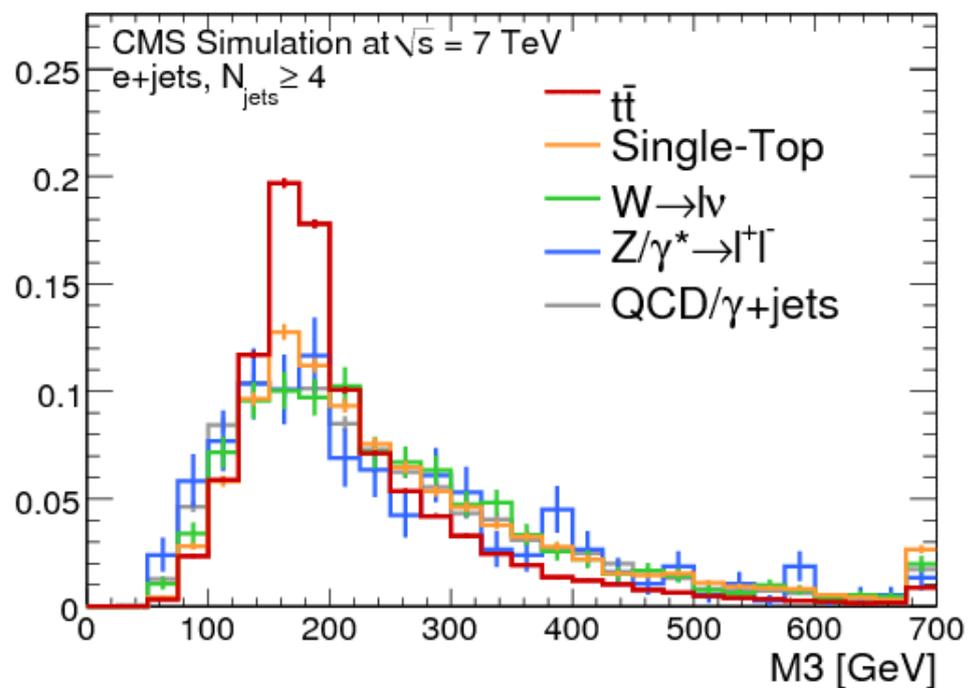
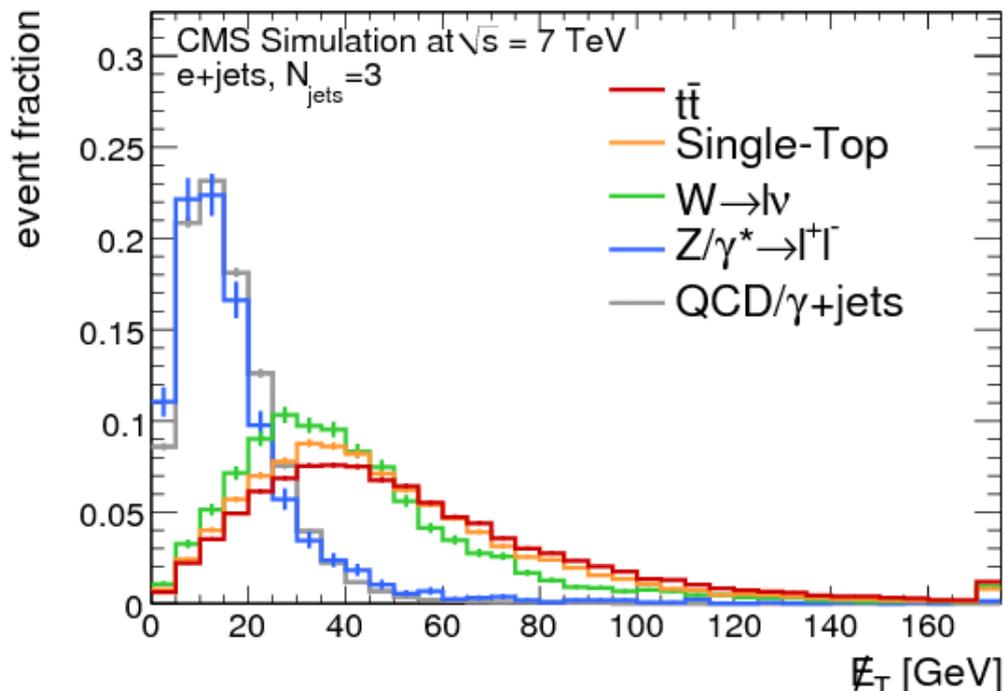
Currently, the uncertainties remain large to constrain the theory

but :

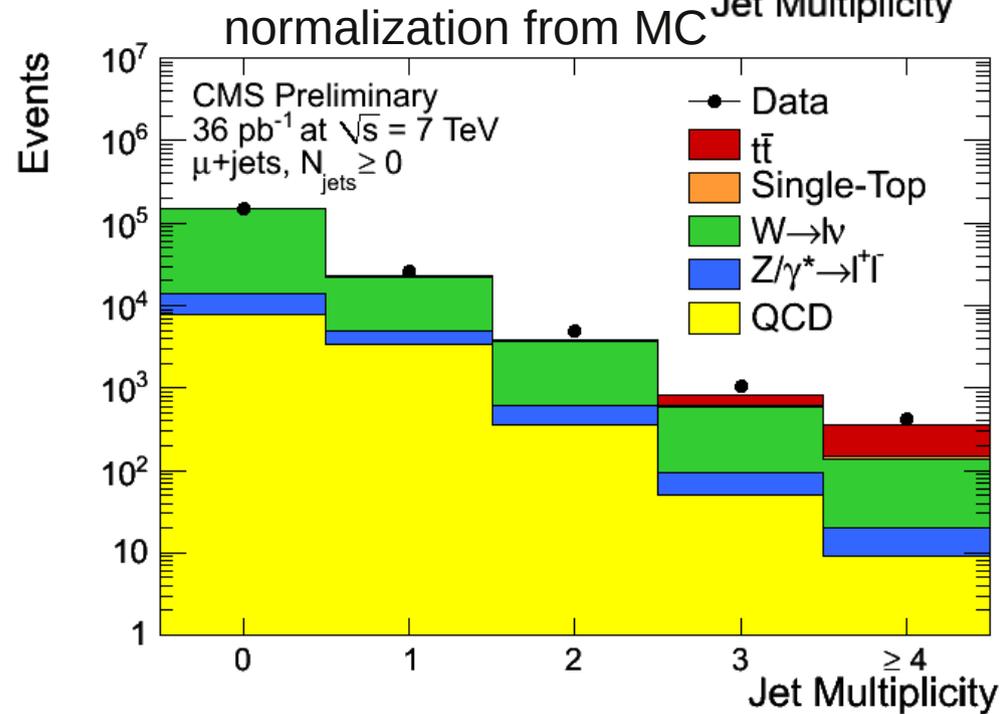
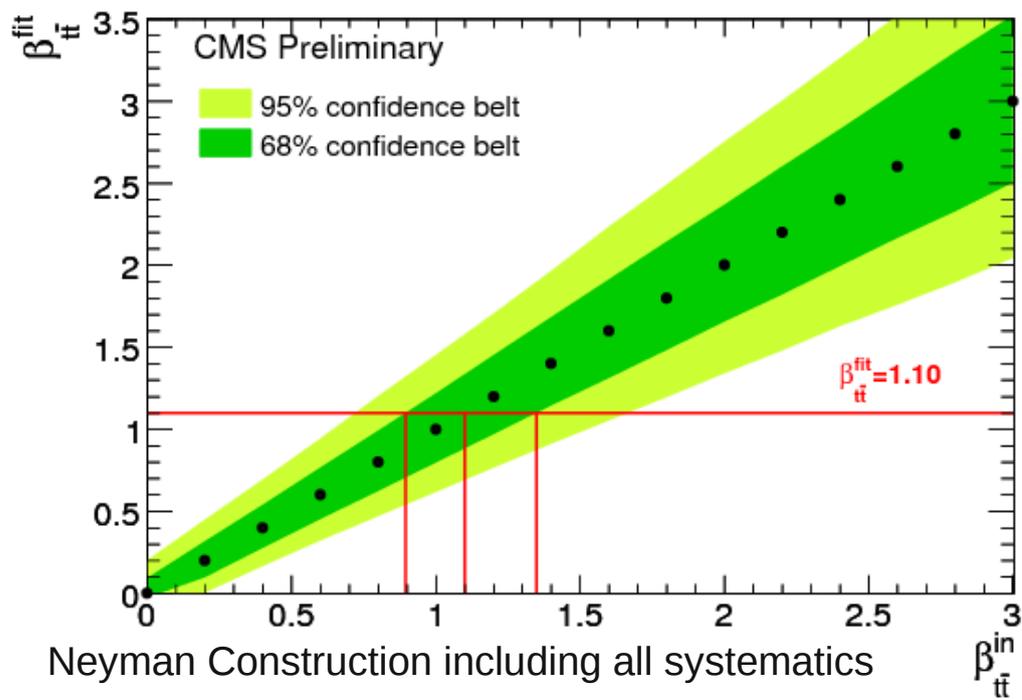
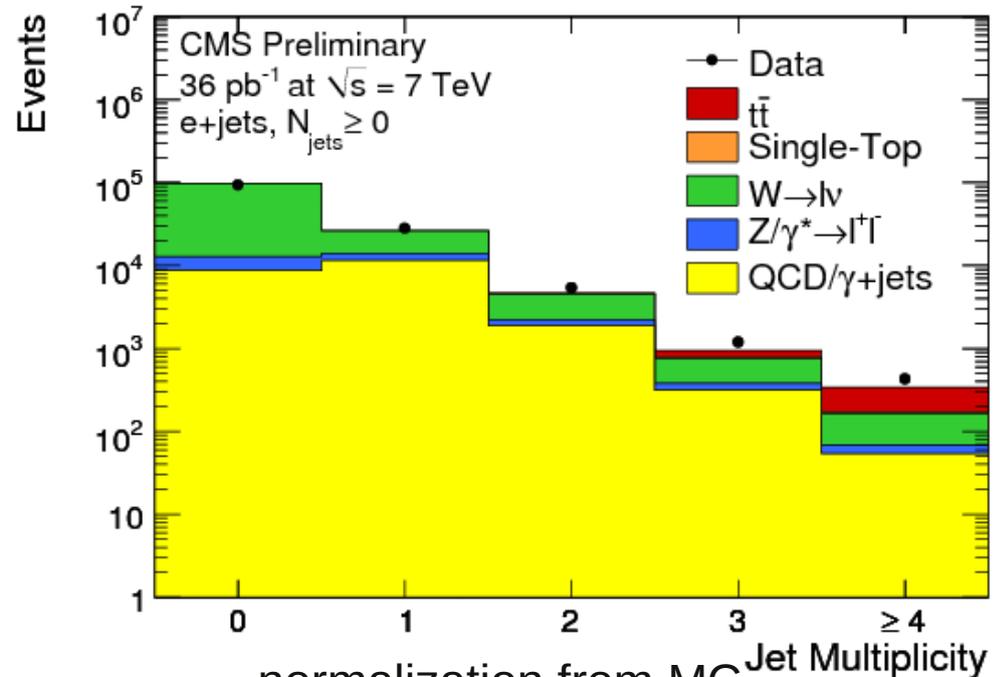
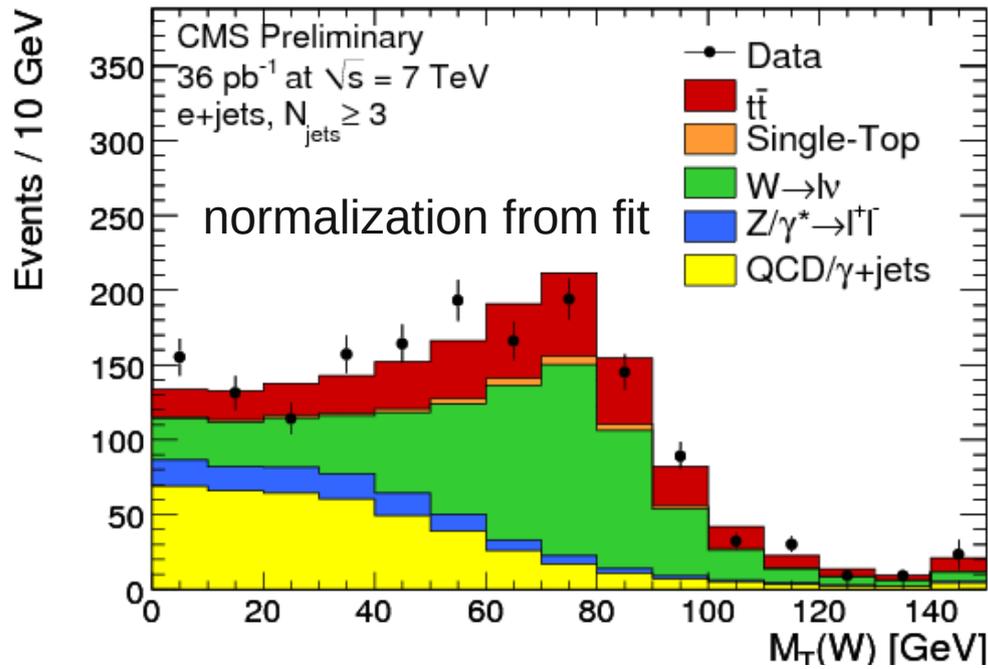
- impressive results after few tens of pb⁻¹ (the current LHC regime is $\sim 10\text{pb}^{-1}$ / 3 days of run)
- methods are ready and work well
- there is still room for improvement (syst., luminosity uncert., combination, ...)

Backup slides

Semi-leptonic: no btag, templates



Semi-leptonic: no btag



event yields from simulation :

	electron+jets		muon+jets	
	$N_{\text{jet}} = 3$	$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 4$	$N_{\text{jet}} = 3$	$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 4$
$t\bar{t}$	157 ± 25	168 ± 27	197 ± 31	211 ± 33
single top	22 ± 1	8.8 ± 0.6	30 ± 1	11 ± 1
W+jets	374 ± 27	94 ± 7	486 ± 34	115 ± 9
Z+jets	66 ± 5	15 ± 1	46 ± 3	11 ± 1
QCD	314 ± 19	53 ± 8	49 ± 3	8.9 ± 1.0
sum MC	934 ± 55	339 ± 32	807 ± 53	358 ± 37
Data	1183	428	1064	423

result of the fit for e+jets and μ +jets:

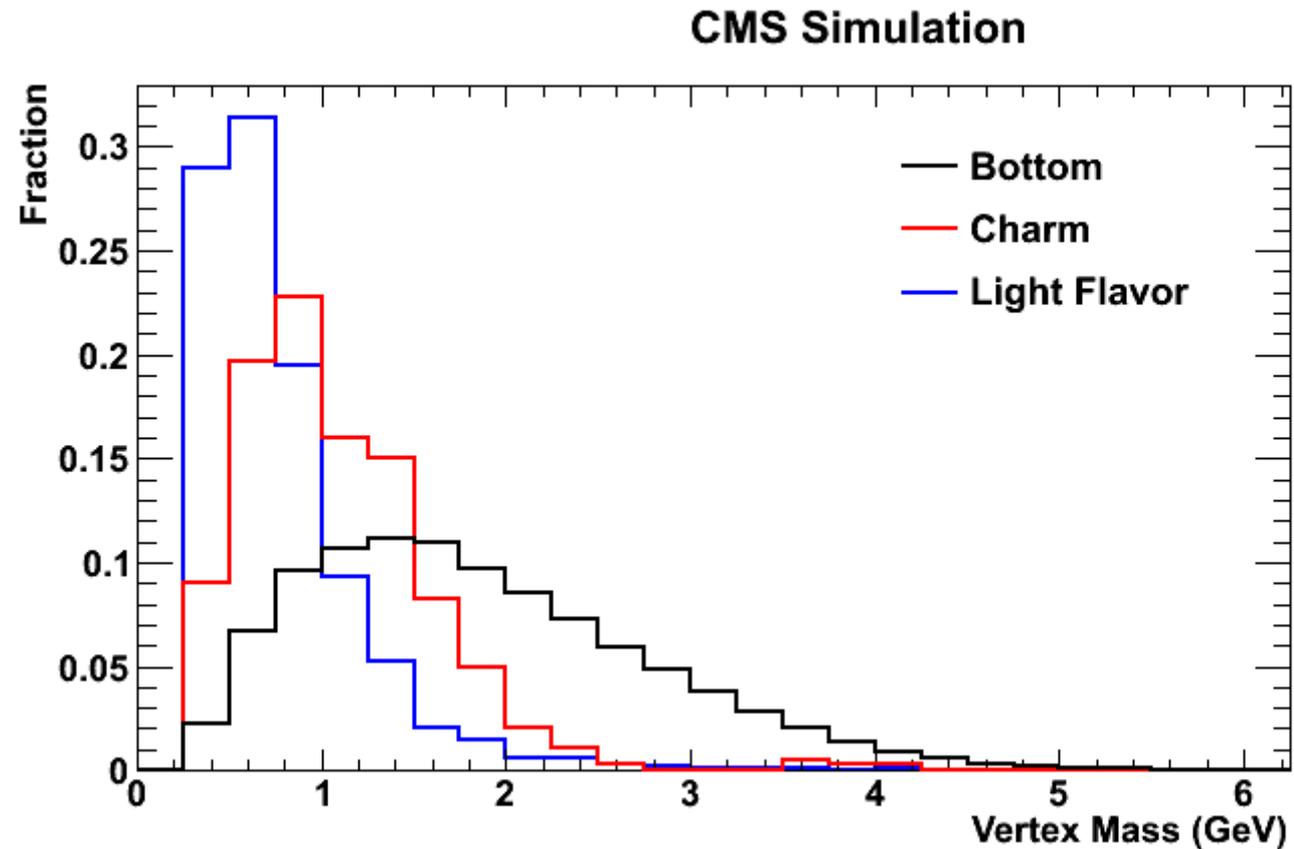
	$\beta_{t\bar{t}}$	N_{ST}	N_{W+jets}	N_{Z+jets}	$N_{QCD \text{ e+jets}}$	$N_{QCD \mu+jets}$
predicted	1.00	72 ± 4	1069 ± 77	138 ± 10	367 ± 27	58 ± 4
fitted	1.10	76 ± 22	1475 ± 86	184 ± 51	440 ± 44	113 ± 31

electrons + jets only: $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 180_{-38}^{+45}(\text{stat.} + \text{syst.}) \pm 7(\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$

muons + jets only: $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 168_{-35}^{+42}(\text{stat.} + \text{syst.}) \pm 7(\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$

combination : $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 173_{-32}^{+39}(\text{stat} + \text{syst}) \pm 7(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$

template:



electrons + jets only:

$$\sigma_{\bar{t}t} = 158 \pm 14 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 19 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 6 \text{ (lum.) pb}$$

muons + jets only:

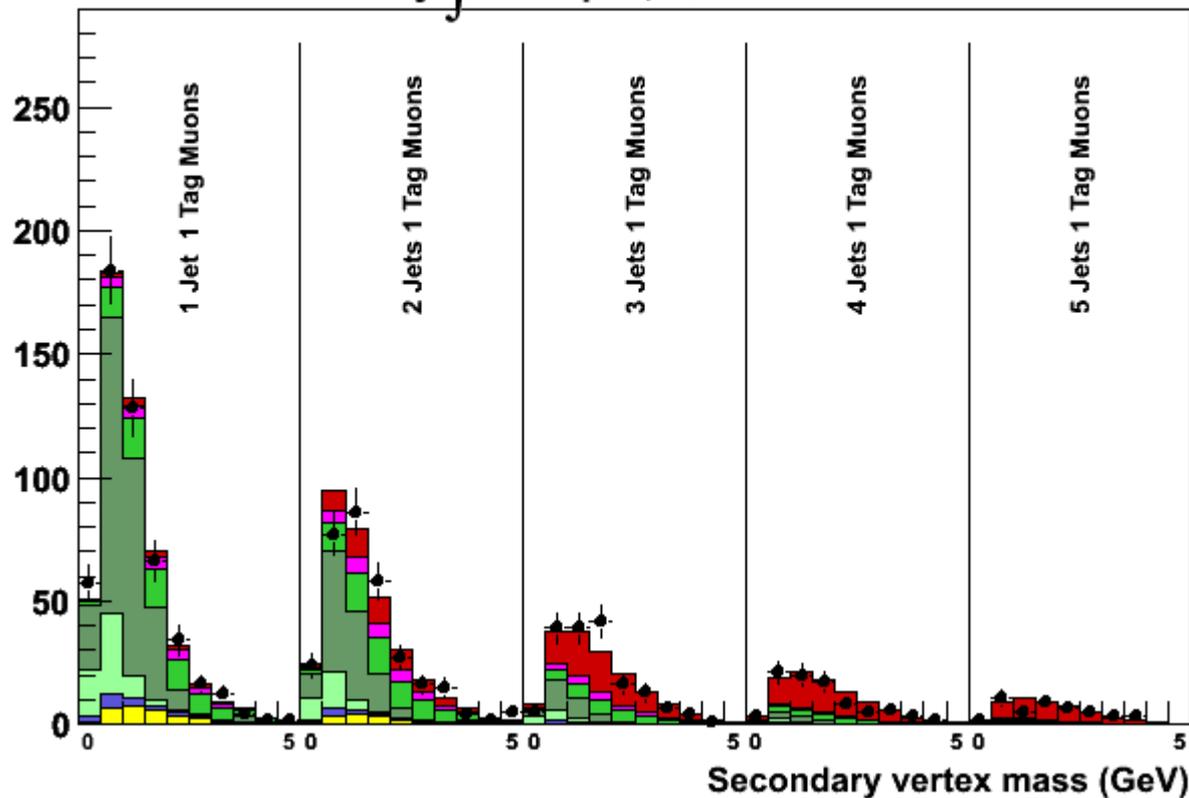
$$\sigma_{\bar{t}t} = 145 \pm 12 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 18 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 6 \text{ (lum.) pb};$$

combination :

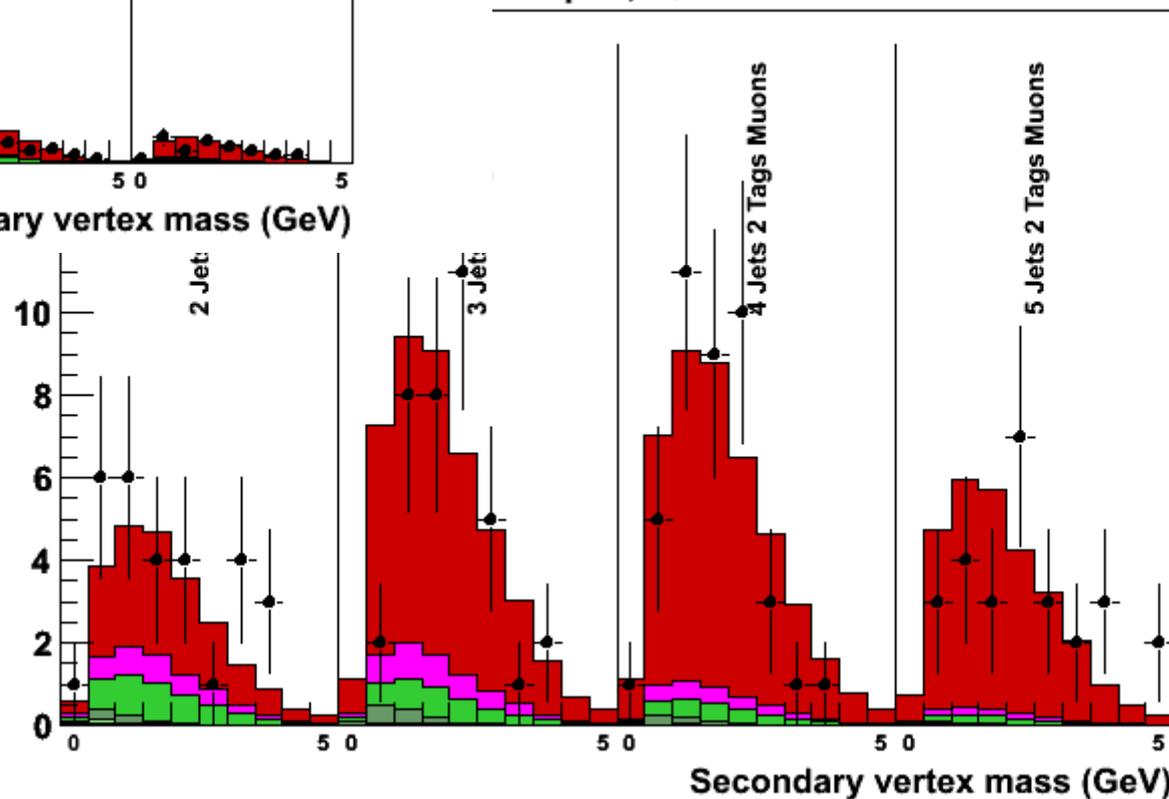
$$\sigma_{\bar{t}t} = 150 \pm 9 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 17 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 6 \text{ (lum.) pb.}$$

Semi-leptonic: btag

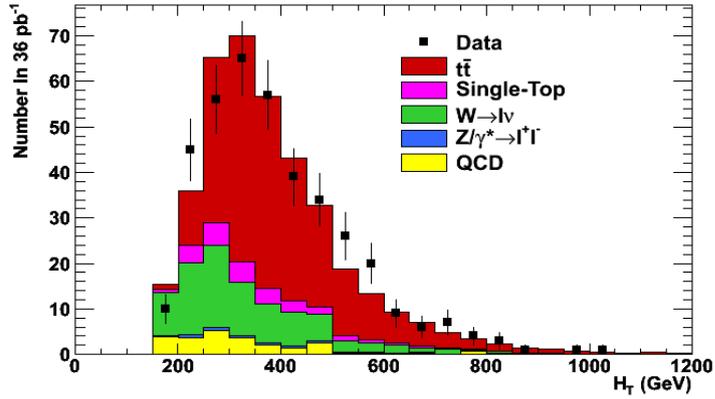
CMS Preliminary $\int L=36 \text{ pb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s}=7 \text{ TeV}$



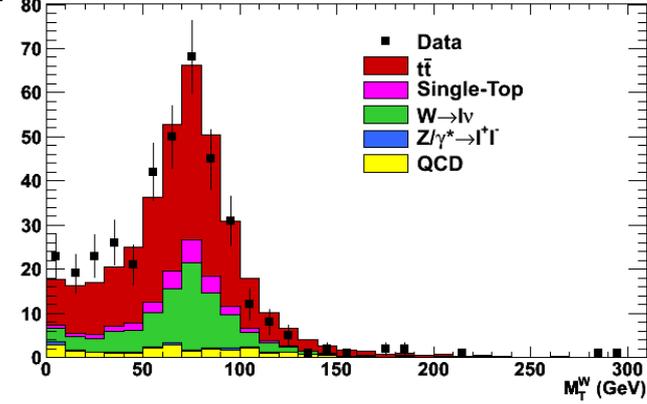
$\int L=36 \text{ pb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s}=7 \text{ TeV}$



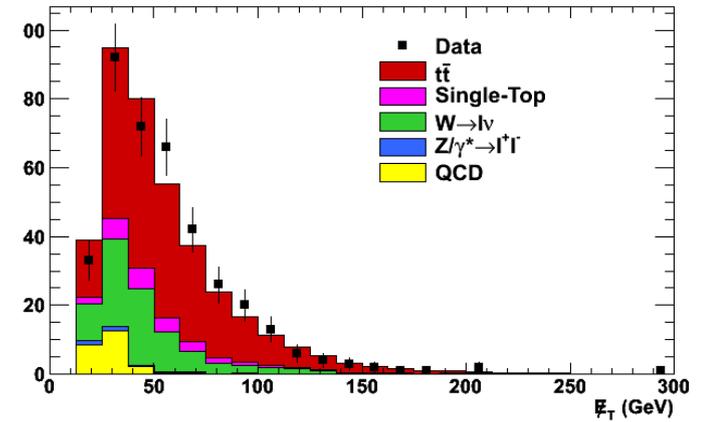
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 36 pb⁻¹ of Electron Data



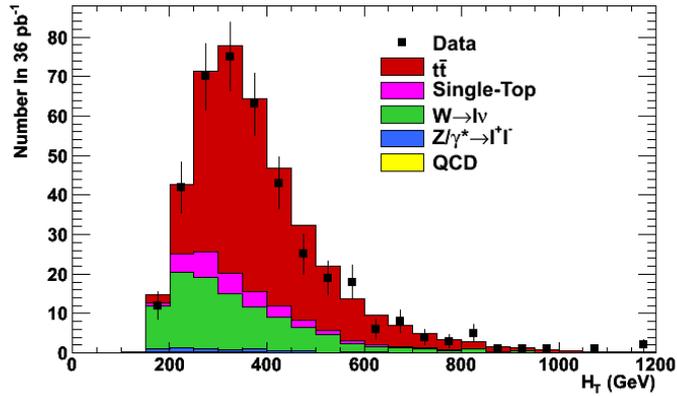
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 36 pb⁻¹ of Electron Data



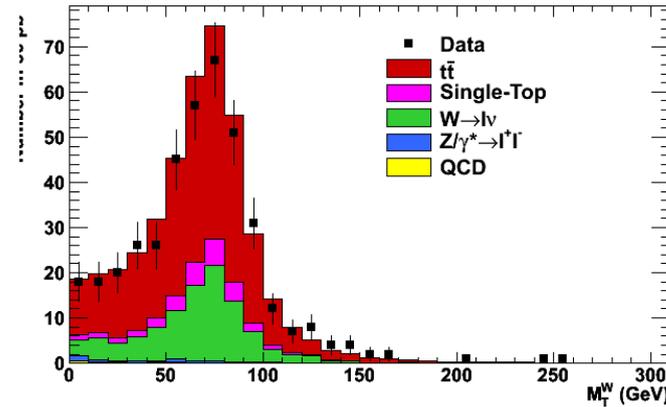
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 36 pb⁻¹ of Electron Data



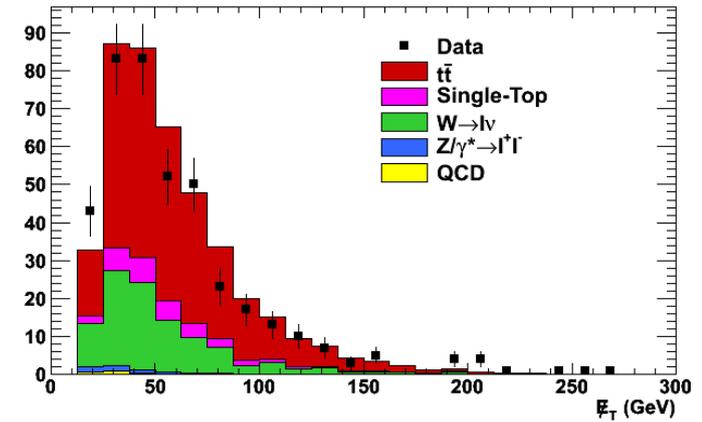
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 36 pb⁻¹ of Muon Data



CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 36 pb⁻¹ of Muon Data

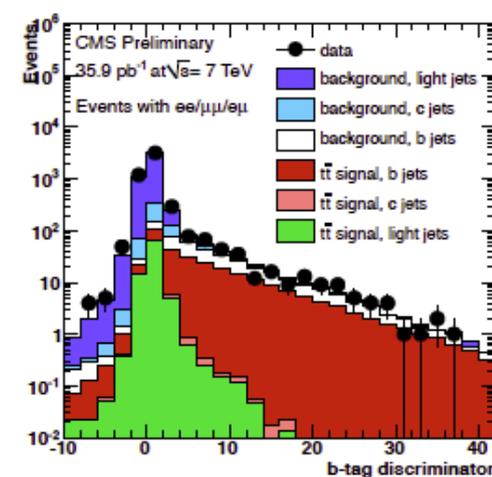
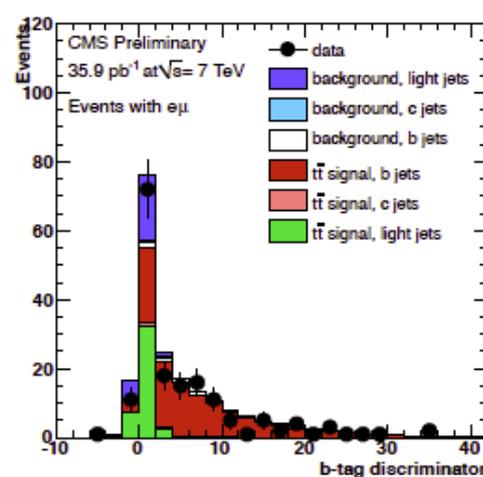
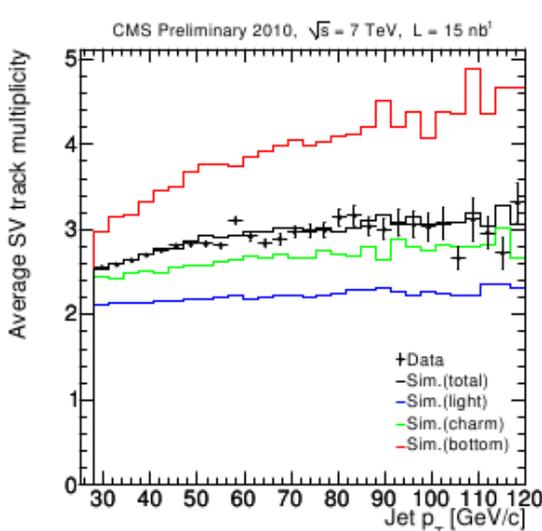
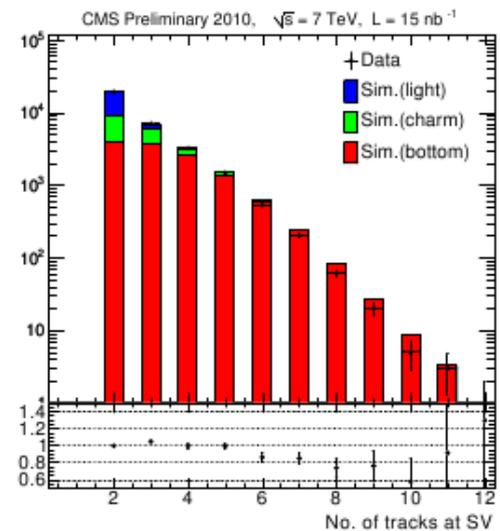
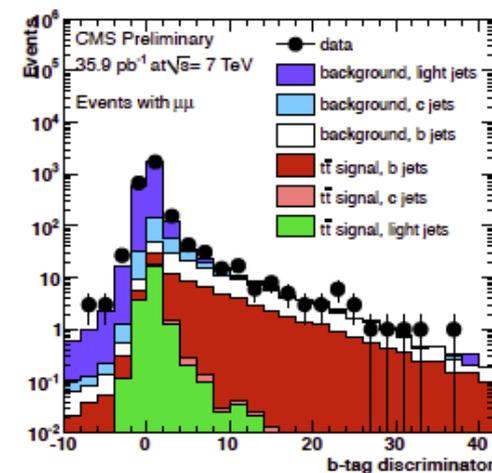
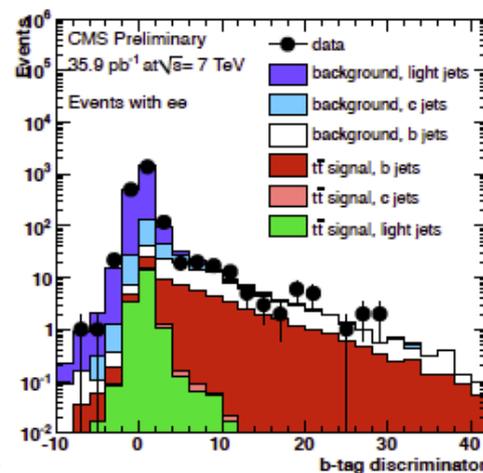
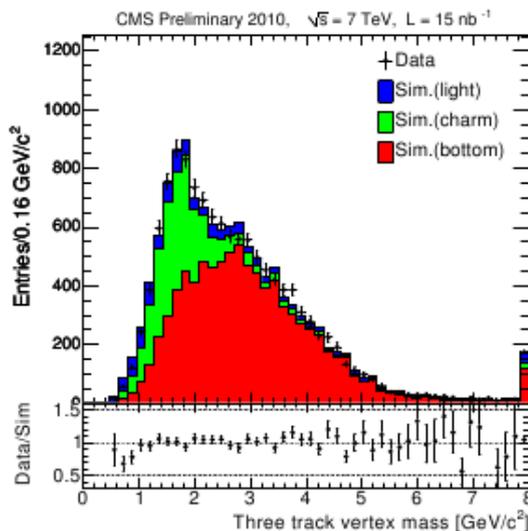
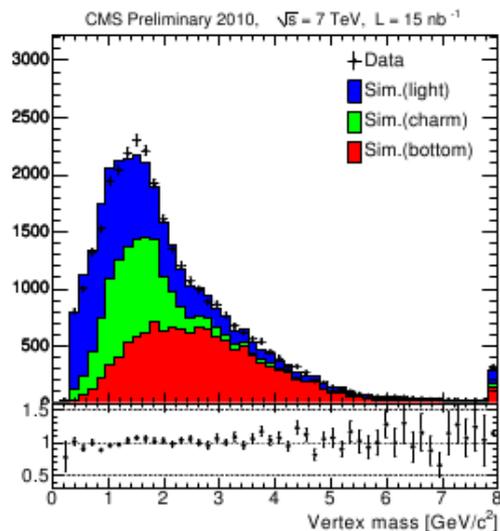


CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, 36 pb⁻¹ of Muon Data



Secondary Vertex (BVT-10-001)

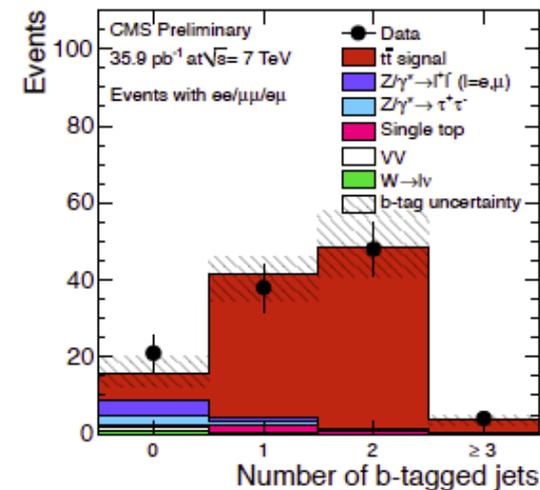
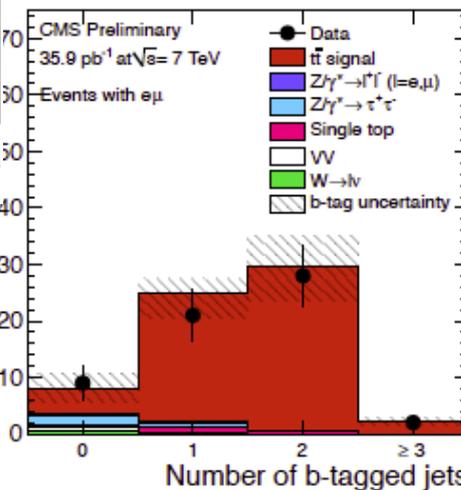
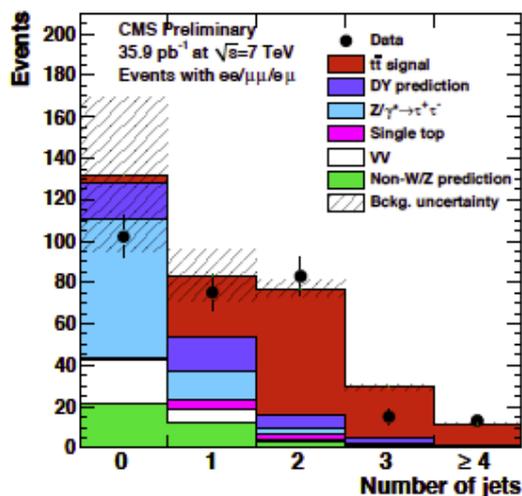
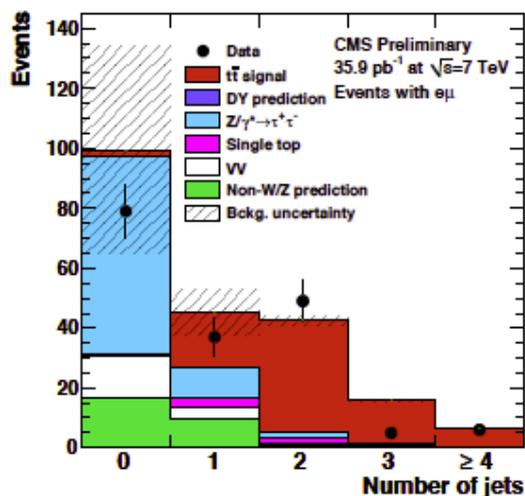
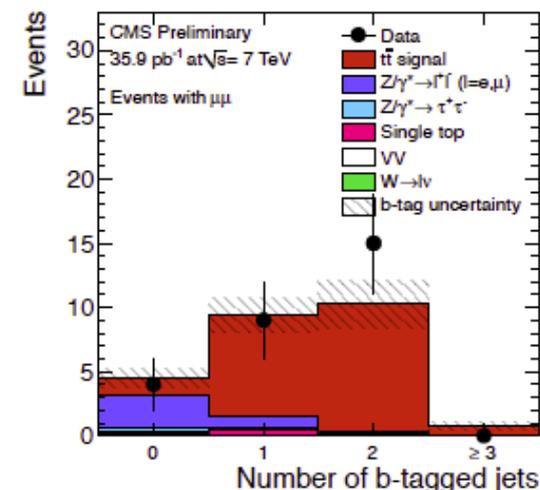
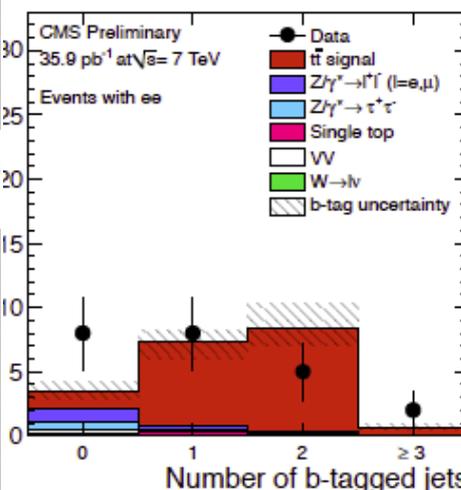
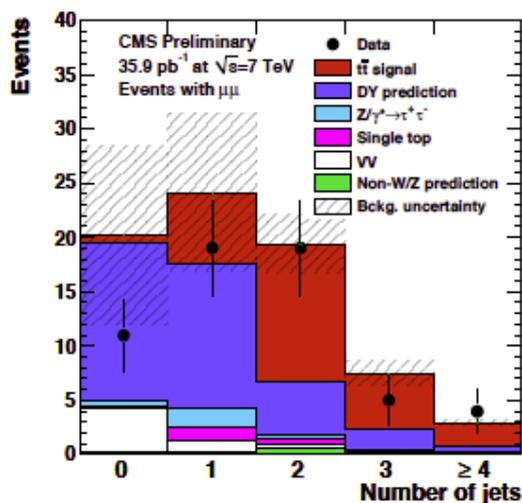
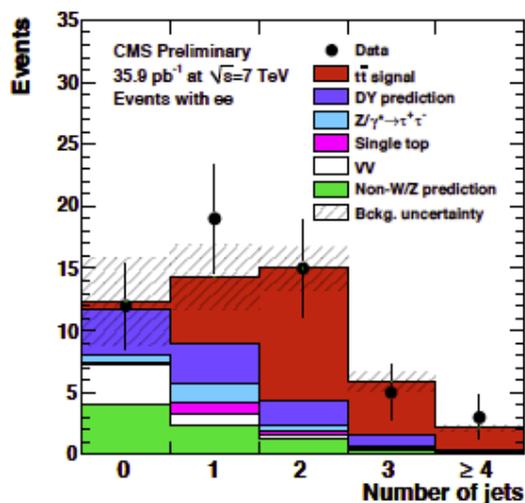
Track Counting: at least 1 jet and 2 oppositely charged leptons, from simulation

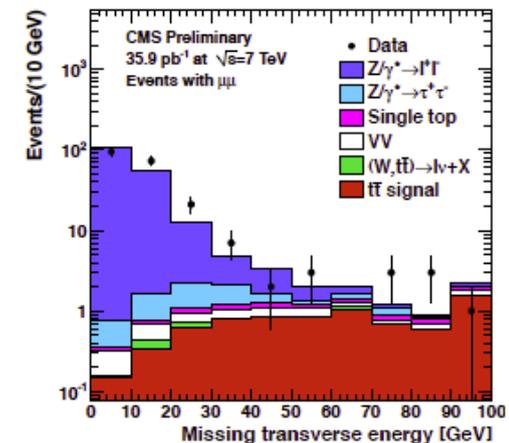
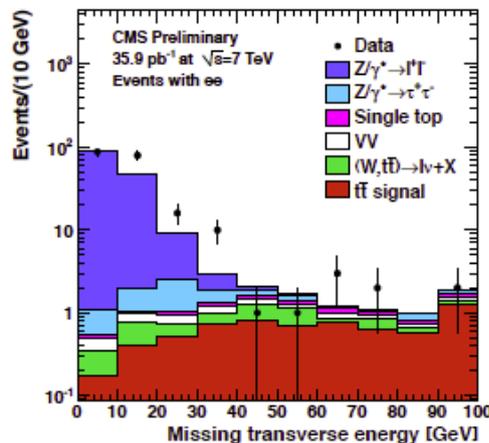
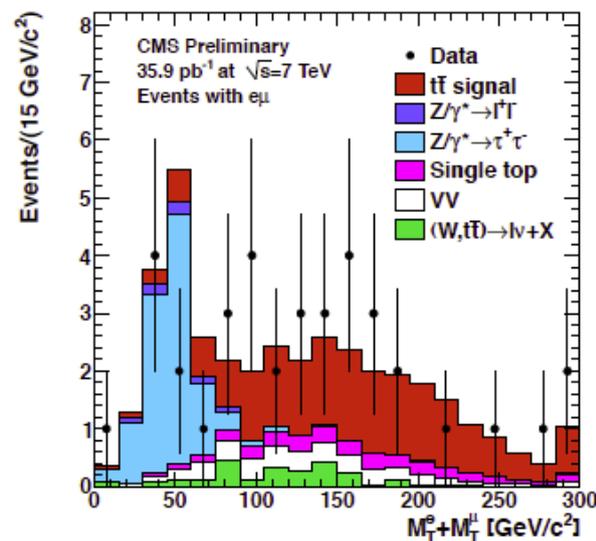
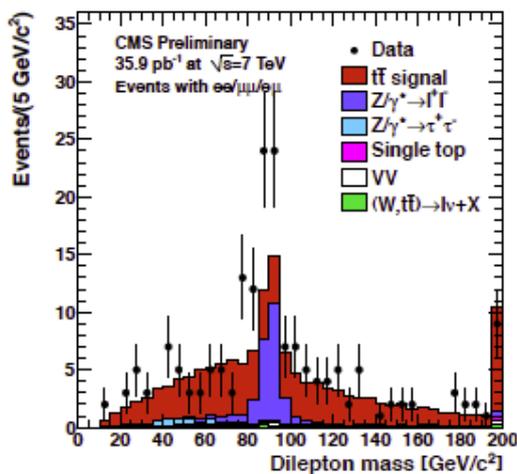
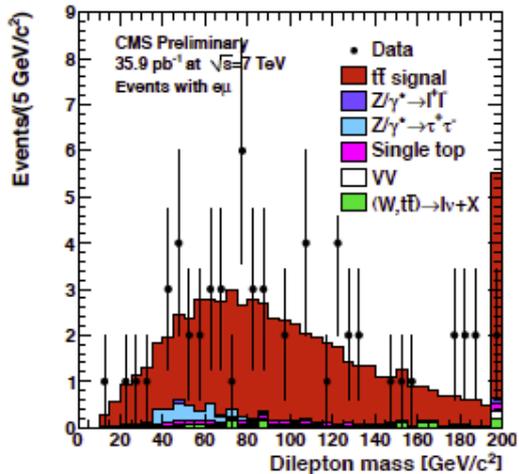
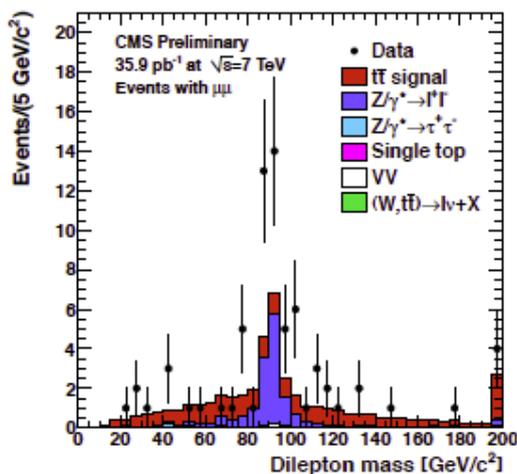
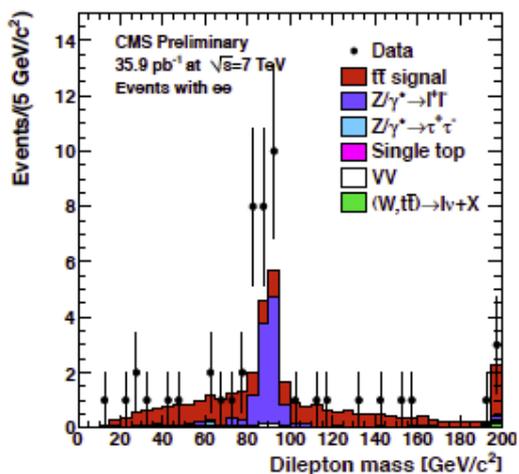


From data: SF in the fit obtained from QCD di-jet events

From data: SF extracted from 2tags bin / 1 tag bin, corrected for non-top BG

Dileptonic





The combined measurement \hat{m} , calculated from individual measurements m_i , is given by:

$$\hat{m} = \frac{\sum_{ij} H_{ij} m_j}{\sum_{ij} H_{ij}},$$

With \mathbf{H} being the inverted error matrix \mathbf{E} . The latest is given by:

$$\mathbf{E} = \sum_{k=1}^K E^{(k)},$$

with the contribution from the systematic source k being:

$$E^{(k)} = r_{ij}^{(k)} \delta_i^{(k)} \delta_j^{(k)},$$

with r_{ij}^k the correlation factors (equal to 1 for $i = j$) and δ_i^k the uncertainties.

For each measurement, a weight can be calculated such that

$$\hat{m} = \sum_i w_i m_i,$$

with

$$w_i = \frac{w_i^{raw}}{\sum_i w_i^{raw}}, \quad w_i^{raw} = \frac{\sum_j H_{ij}}{\sum_{ij} H_{ij}}.$$

More details in:

L. Lyons, D. Gibaut, and P. Clifford, "How to combine correlated estimates of a single physical quantity"

Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A270 (1988) 110

doi:10.1016/0168-9002(88)90018-6

1) Drell-Yan :

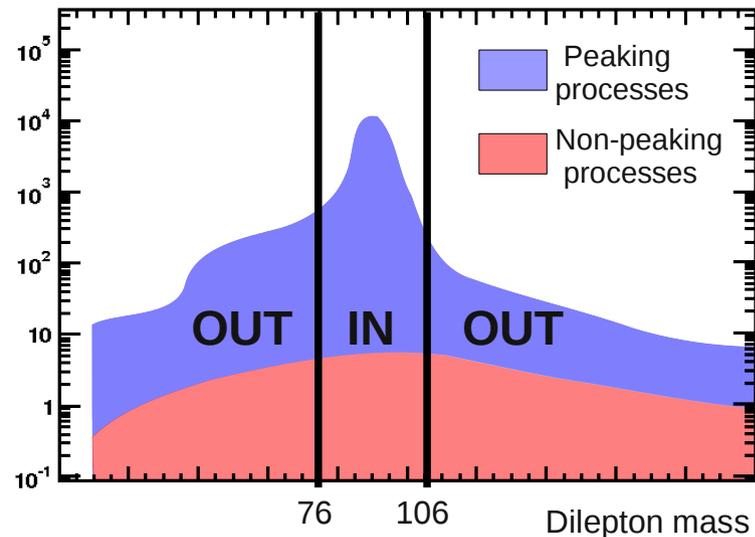
Estimation of the contribution outside the Z-veto region using the number of events inside the Z-veto region

$$N_{out}^{e^+e^-,exp} = R_{out/in}^{e^+e^-} \left(N_{in}^{e^+e^-} - 0.5 N_{in}^{e^\pm\mu^\mp} k_{ee} \right)$$

$R_{out/in} = N_{out}(DY MC) / N_{in}(DY MC)$ from simulation,
 non-peaking processes from $e\mu$ channel data corrected for lepton eff (k_{ll})

Similar for the $\mu\mu$ channel

Done with and w/o b-tag / Pile-up, for != jet multiplicity, \cancel{E}_T



2) Non W/Z decays lepton ("fakes") :

To estimate the ratio of Non W/Z decays leptons passing the standard lepton selection (FR), an inclusive QCD sample has been used.

$FR(p_T, \eta) = n / (n + \bar{n})$ where n is the number of leptons passing the tight selection
 \bar{n} is the number of leptons passing the loose selection and not the tight

2 "fakes":

$$N_{nn}^{QCD} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{FR_i FR_j}{(1 - FR_i)(1 - FR_j)} N_{n\bar{n}}^{ij}$$

1 "fake" + 1 from W/Z boson (corrected from QCD/signal spillage):

$$N_{nn}^{Wj} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{FR_j}{(1 - FR_j)} N_{n\bar{n}}^{ij} - 2N_{nn}^{QCD} - \Delta_{signal}$$

Done with and w/o b-tag, for != jet multiplicity, \cancel{E}_T , and tested for != loose selection in FR definition