

eRD17: BeAGLE

A Tool to Refine Detector Requirements for eA

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New collaborators



Zhoudunming (Kong) Tu

- Goldhaber Fellow @ BNL
- **Funding in Place (BNL/CFNS)**
- Modified BeAGLE already (!)



Wan Chang

- Student at CCNU (a la Liang)
- Elke is her co-advisor
- Resident at BNL
- Worked with BeAGLE already
- **Funding needed to engage in more extensive BeAGLE work.**

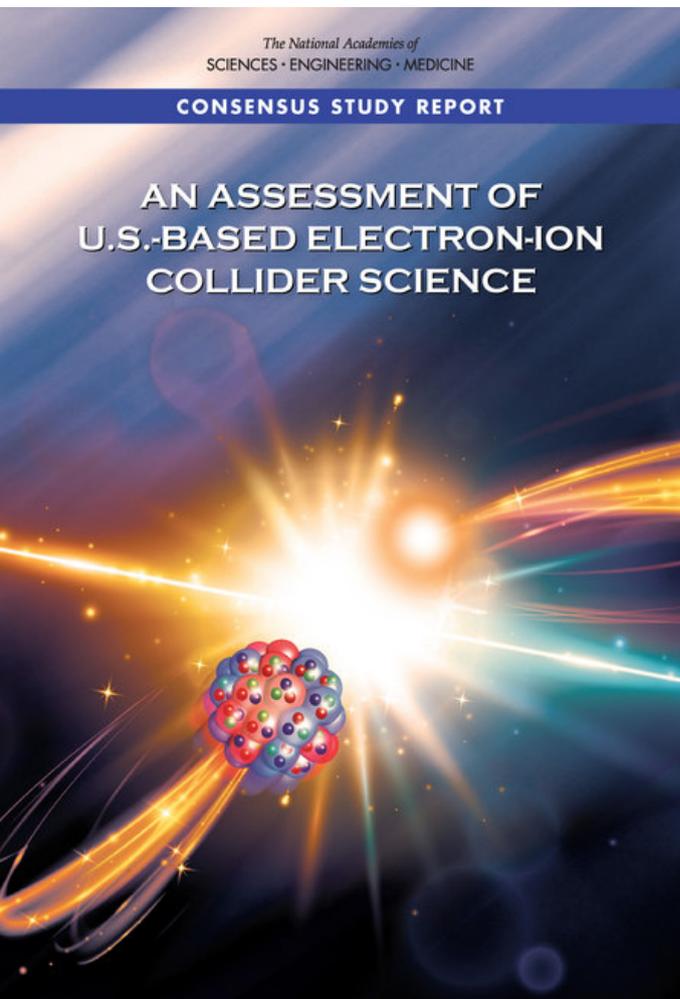
External Support

- Salaries from home institutions:
E. Aschenauer, W. Chang, J.H. Lee, Z. Tu, L. Zheng
- **Approved** JLAB LDRD: Short-range correlations in medium-to-heavy nuclei at JLEIC
MDB, F. Hauenstein(postdoc), **D. Higinbotham (PI)**,
O. Hen, C. Hyde, V. Morozov , P. Nadel-Turonski, LZ
 - Also collaborating with BNL/SBU SRC effort:
A. Deshpande, B. Shmookler (postdoc),
Z. Tu (fellow), T. Ullrich

Note: D. Higinbotham & O.Hen are active established scientists in the DIS field now joining the EIC planning/design effort.

NAS Report – R&D requirements chapter

Chapter 4: Accelerator Science, Technology, and Detectors Needed for a U.S.-Based Electron-Ion Collider



An EIC **must** enable the following:

- Extensive center-of-mass energy range, from ~ 20 - ~ 100 GeV, upgradable to ~ 140 GeV, to map the transition in nuclear properties from a dilute gas of quarks and gluons to saturated gluonic matter.
- Ion beams from deuterons to the heaviest stable nuclei.
- Luminosity on the order of 100 to 1,000 times higher than the earlier electron-proton collider Hadron-Electron Ring Accelerator (HERA) at Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DESY), to allow unprecedented three-dimensional (3D) imaging of the gluon and sea quark distributions in nucleons and nuclei.
- Spin-polarized (~ 70 percent at a minimum) electron and proton/light-ion beams to explore the correlations of gluon and sea quark distributions with the overall nucleon spin. Polarized colliding beams have been achieved before only at HERA (with electrons and positrons only) and Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider (RHIC; with protons only).
- One or more interaction regions, which integrate the detectors into the collider and preserve the extensive kinematic coverage for measurements.

NAS – Diffraction is still a key physics driver

Chapter 2: The Scientific Case for an Electron-Ion Collider

“The expected differential cross section for coherent and incoherent diffractive production of J/ψ particles on nuclei.”

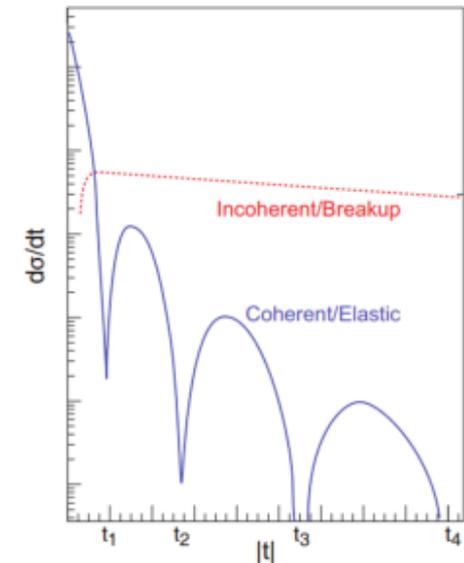
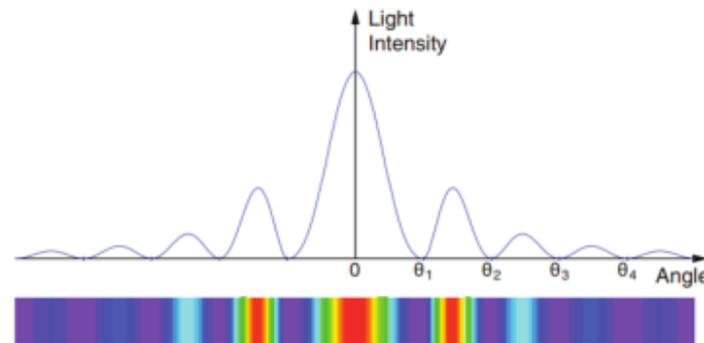
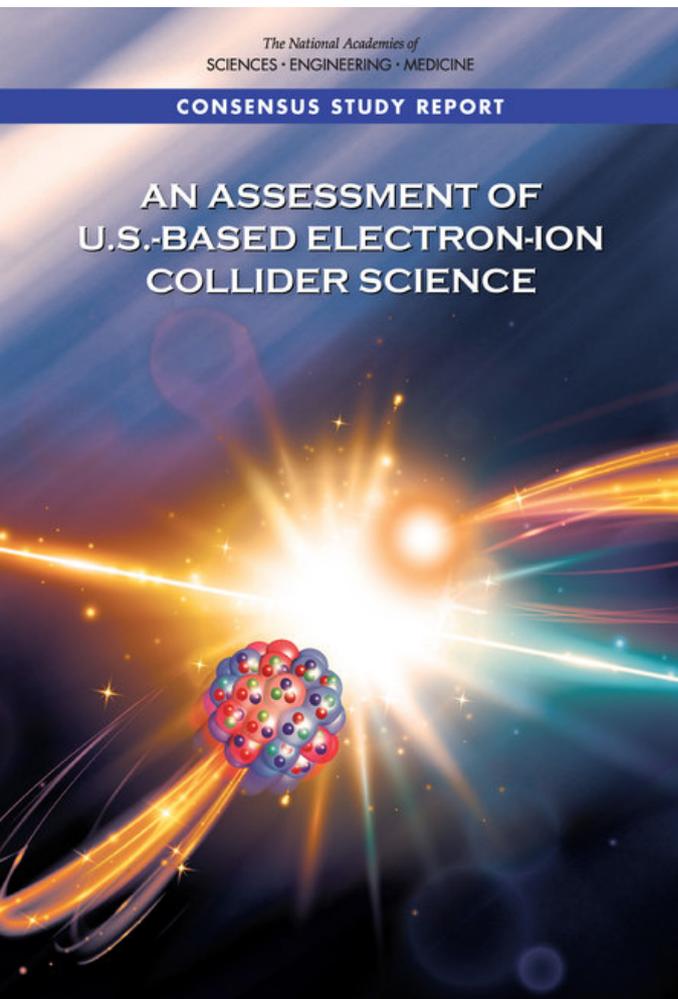
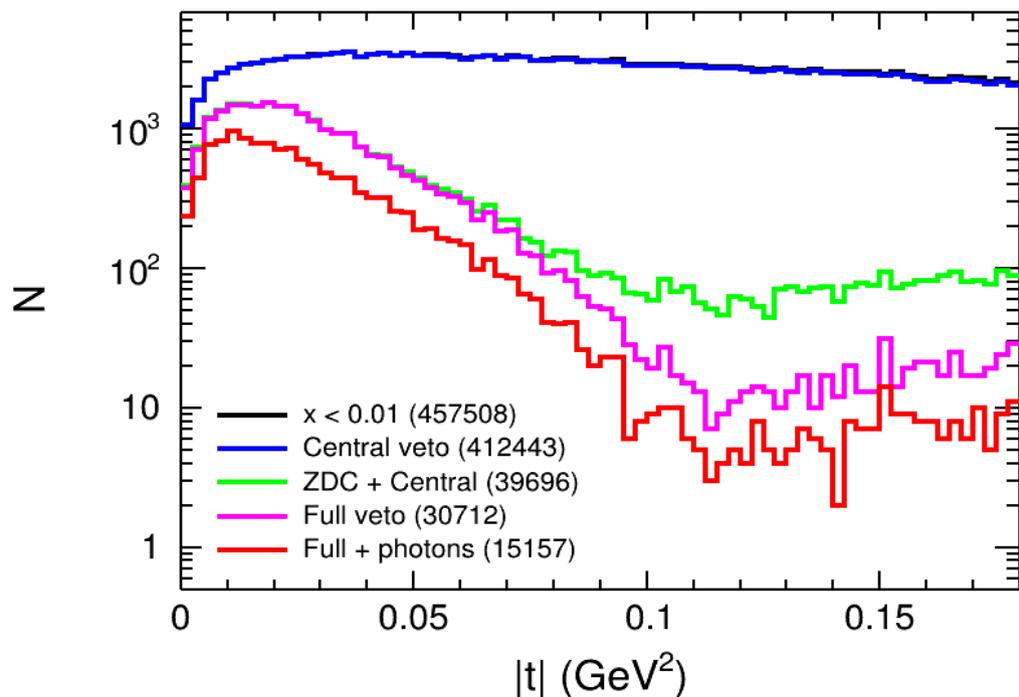


FIGURE 2.9 *Left:* Diffraction pattern in optics, showing the light intensity landing on a screen behind a circular obstacle. *Right:* The expected differential cross section for coherent and incoherent diffractive production of J/ψ particles on nuclei. The variable t is related to the momentum carried by the scattered proton, which provides a measure of the scattering angle. The incoherent/breakup curve is explained in the text. SOURCE: *Reaching for the Horizon*, 2015 DOE/NSF Long Range Plan for U.S. Nuclear Science.

BeAGLE+GEANT Veto Studies ongoing

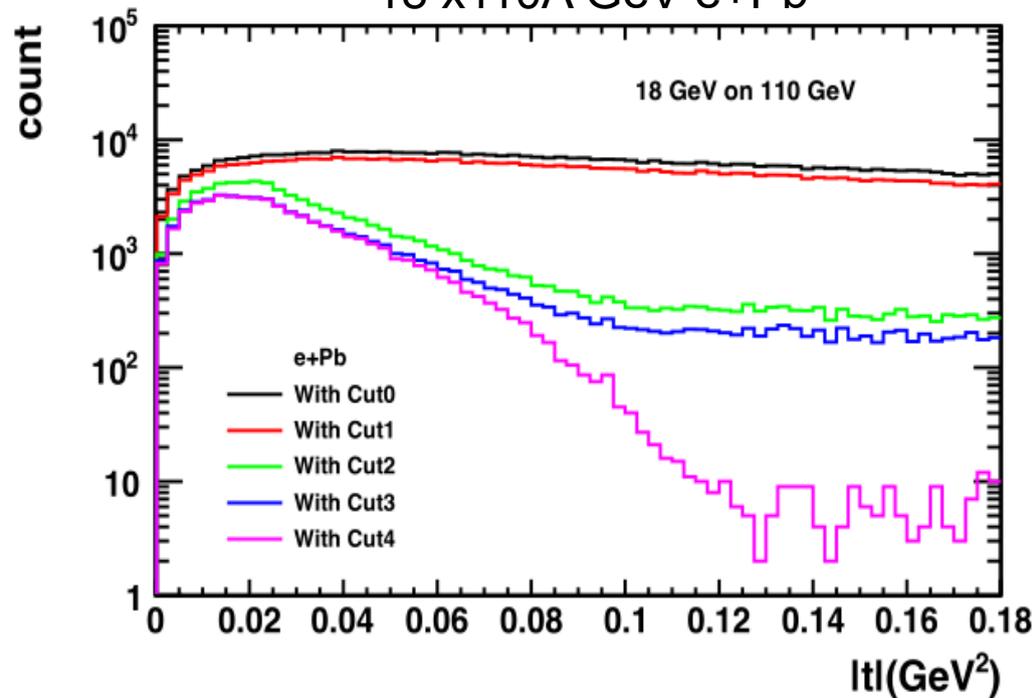
$e+Pb \rightarrow e'+J/\psi+X$ incoherent diffraction – background to coherent $e+Pb \rightarrow e'+Pb+J/\psi$

10 x 40A GeV e+Pb



Plot by Morozov+Sy (JLAB) et al.

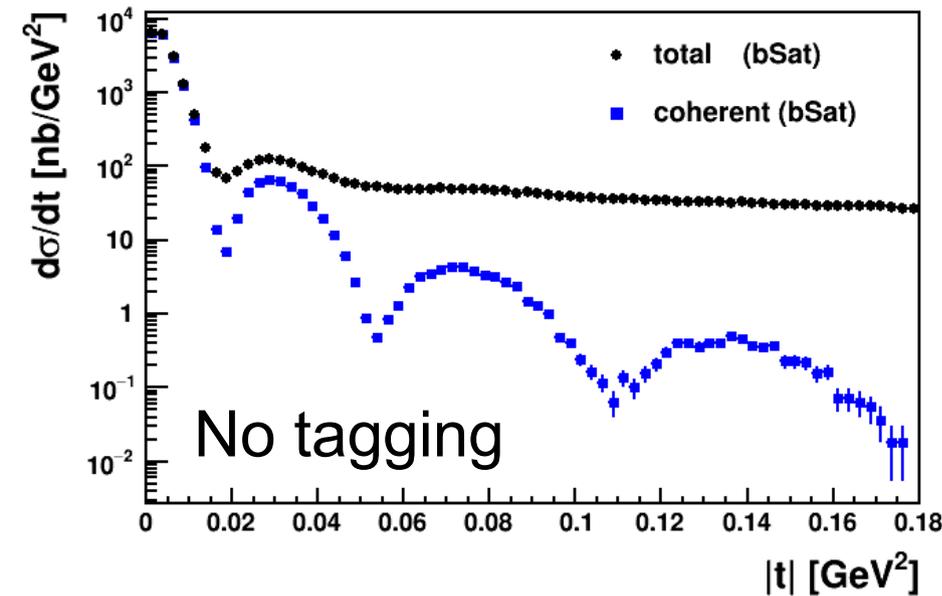
18 x 110A GeV e+Pb



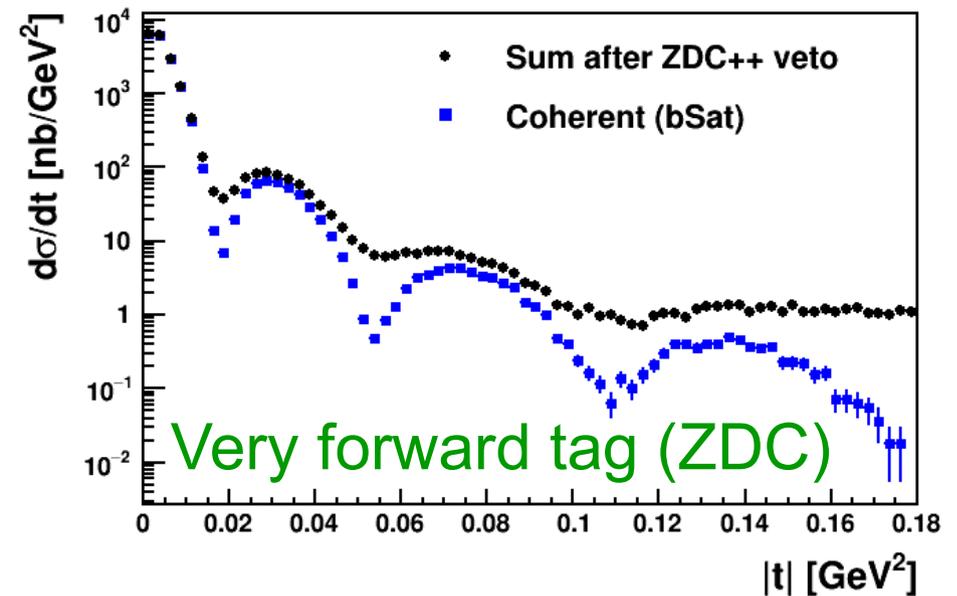
Plot by W. Chang(BNL/CCNU) w/ Z.Tu (BNL)

JLEIC veto tagging results (e+Pb)

Sartre 10x40 e+Pb→J/ψ+X (smeared)

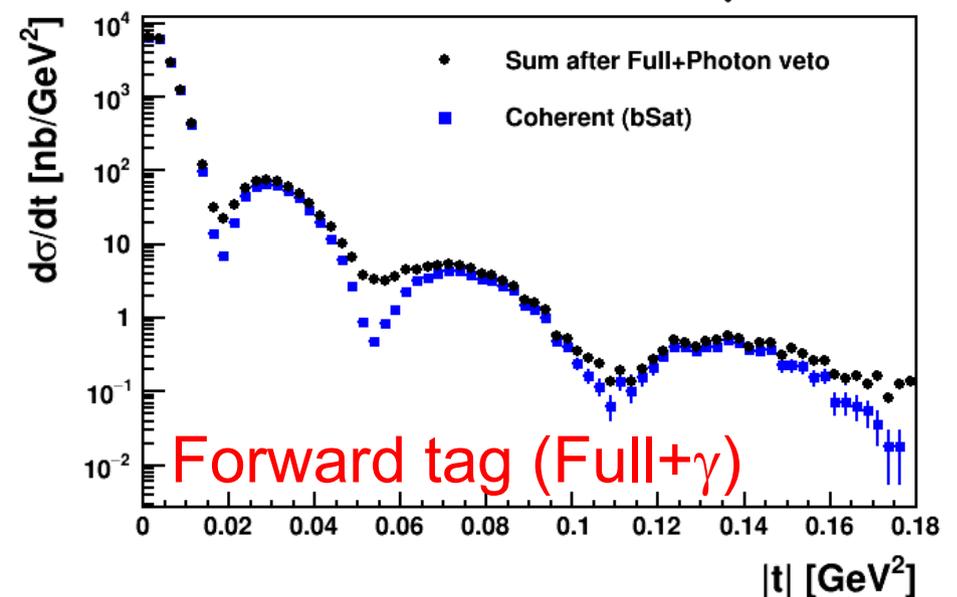


Sartre 10x40 e+Pb→J/ψ+X (smeared), BeAGLE $\tau_0=7$ fm



- Veto tagging helps.
- Very forward tag alone is questionable (need 3 dips).
- Forward tag better. Not ideal.
- Still studying impact on G(b) reconstruction.

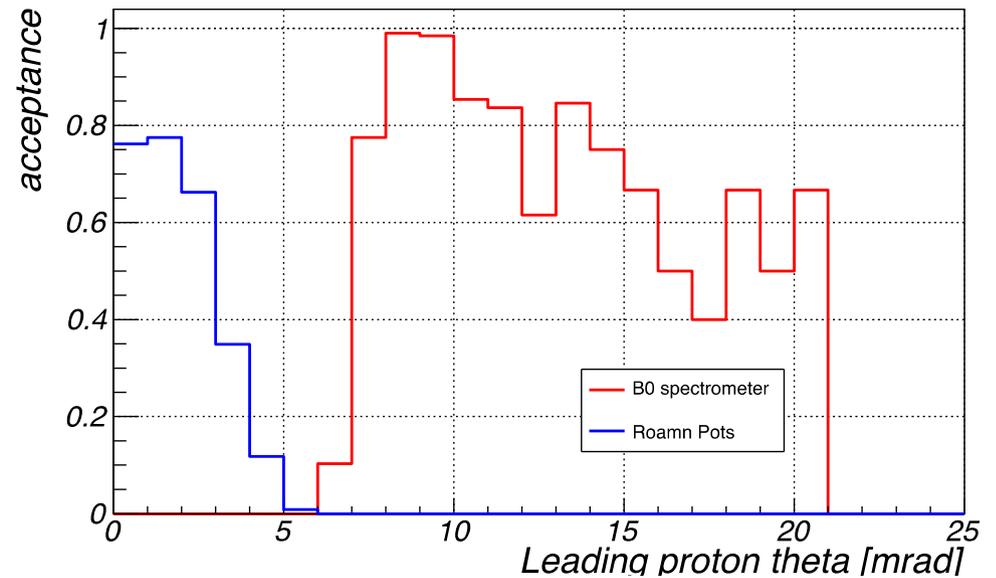
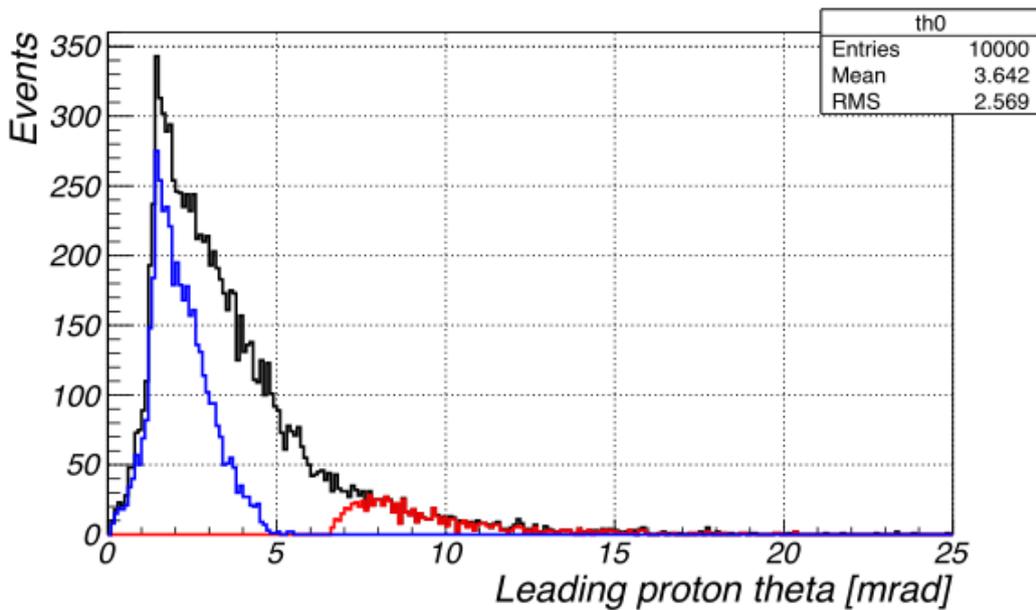
Sartre 10x40 e+Pb→J/ψ+X (smeared), BeAGLE $\tau_0=7$ fm



eRHIC Forward Detector Acceptance Studies

W. Chang w/ Z. Tu plots

First look: Forward **protons** in e+Pb J/ ψ incoh. diffractive events at eRHIC



MC truth

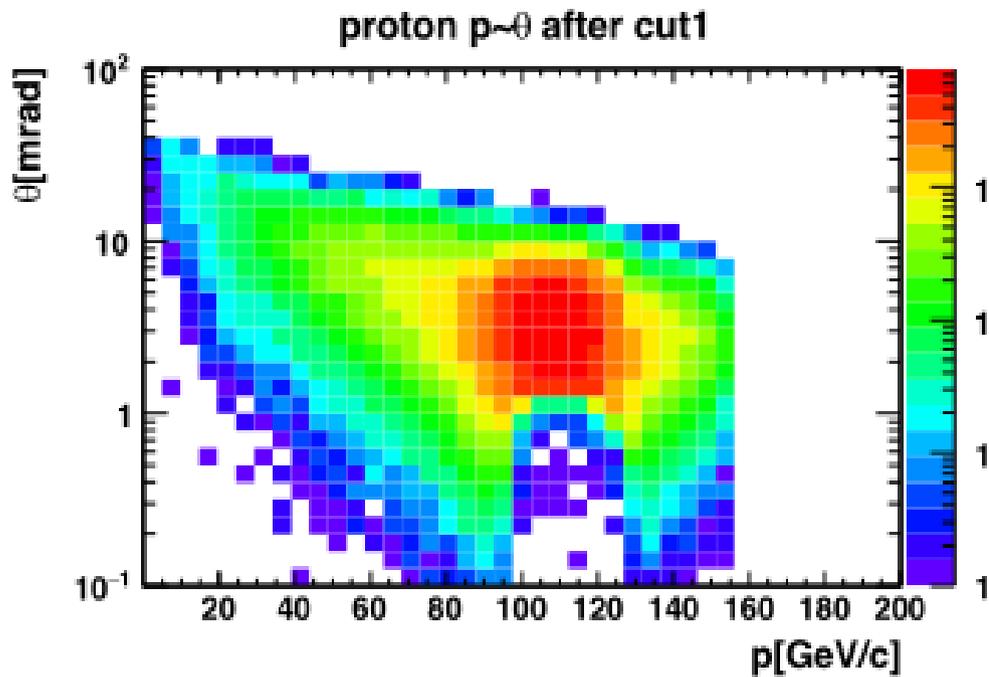
Roman pots acceptance

B0 spectrometer acceptance

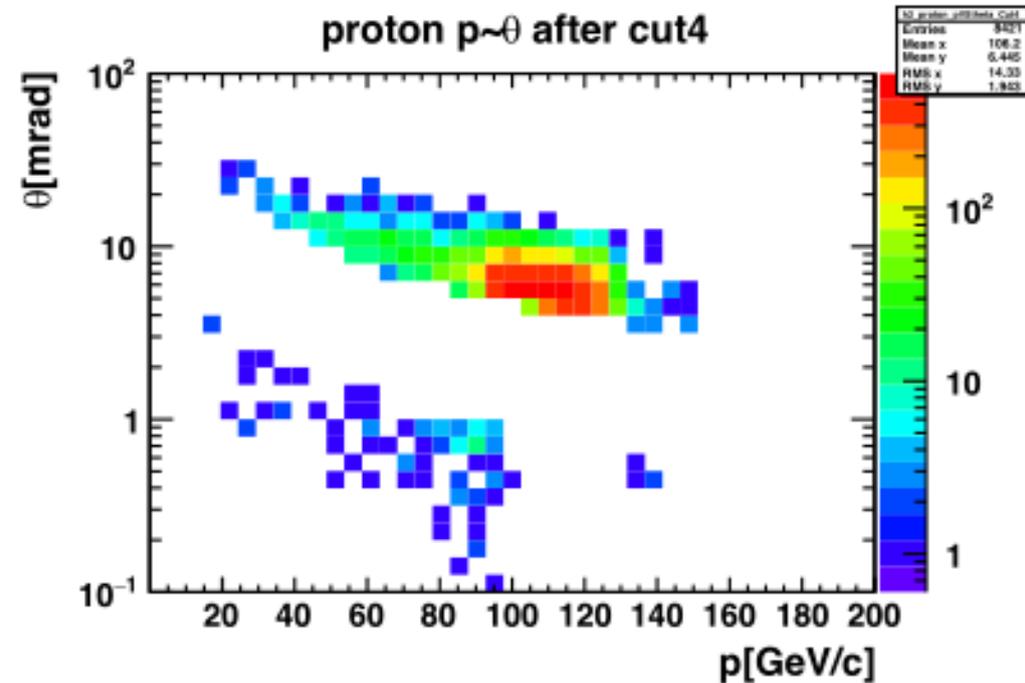
eRHIC Forward Detector Acceptance Studies

W. Chang + Z. Tu plots

First look: Forward **protons** in e+Pb J/ ψ incoh. diffractive events at eRHIC



Cut 1 = Clean in central detector
(e' & J/ ψ only)

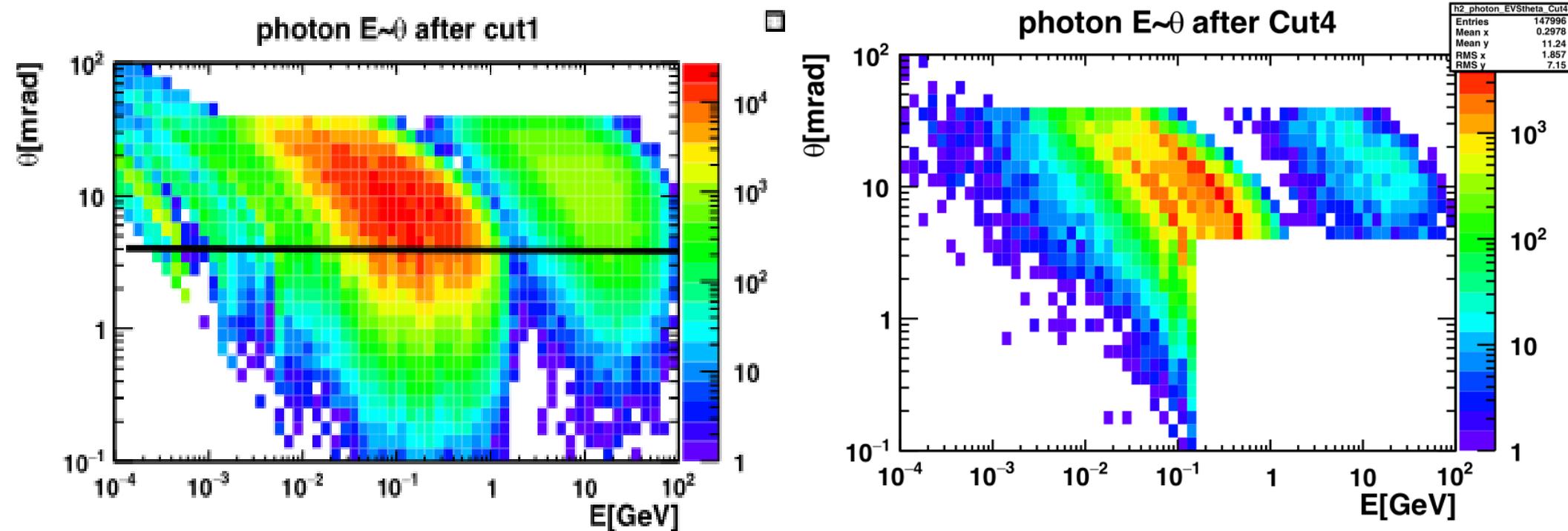


Cut 4 = Clean central detector
& No n or γ (>150 MeV) in 4mr ZDC,
& No detectable forward proton.

eRHIC Forward Detector Acceptance Studies

W. Chang + Z. Tu plots

First look: Forward **photons** in e+Pb J/ ψ incoh. diffractive events at eRHIC



Cut 1 = Clean in central detector
(e' & J/ ψ only)

Cut 4 = Clean central detector
& No n or γ (>150 MeV) in 4mr ZDC,
& No detectable forward proton.

User Demand for e+D (& SRCs)

Recall from July 2018 meeting:

In July 2018 several groups asked about running e+D in BeAGLE for:

- Spectator proton tagging to simulate e+n collisions in DIS and/or diffractive physics (with or without spin polarization).
- Full reconstruction of $e+D \rightarrow e'+p+n+J/\psi$ for low $|t|$ and high relative transverse momentum of the p and n in order to study p+n interaction.
- Full reconstruction of $e+D \rightarrow e'+p+n+J/\psi$ as a reference sample for short-range correlations (SRCs) in heavier nuclei, which may be driven by quasi-deuterons in the nucleus.

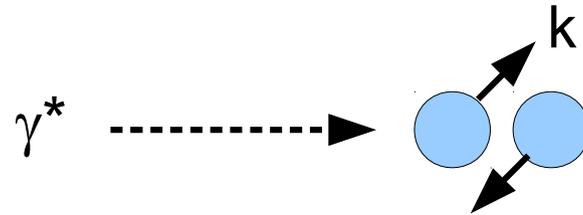
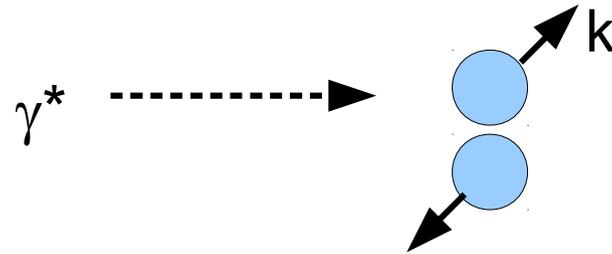
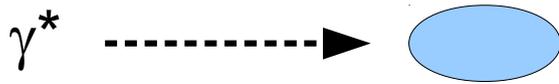
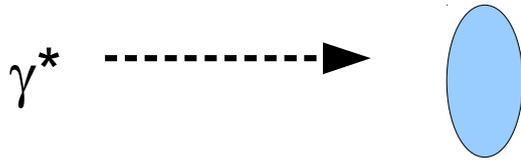
BNL Goldhaber Fellow [Zhoudunming \(Kong\) Tu](#) volunteered to collaborate on BeAGLE development to enable e+D.

Theoretical motivation and guidance from [Christian Weiss](#) (JLAB), [Raju Venugopalan](#) (BNL), [Thomas Ullrich](#) (BNL) & [Matt Sievert](#) (LANL)

Conceptual problem for e+D w/ large k

Main problem – Everything lives on mass shell.

No remnant to absorb energy-momentum imbalance.



$$W^\mu = \{v + M_d; 0, 0, \text{sqrt}(v^2 + Q^2)\}$$

$$W^\mu = \{v + E_n + E_p; 0, 0, \text{sqrt}(v^2 + Q^2)\}$$

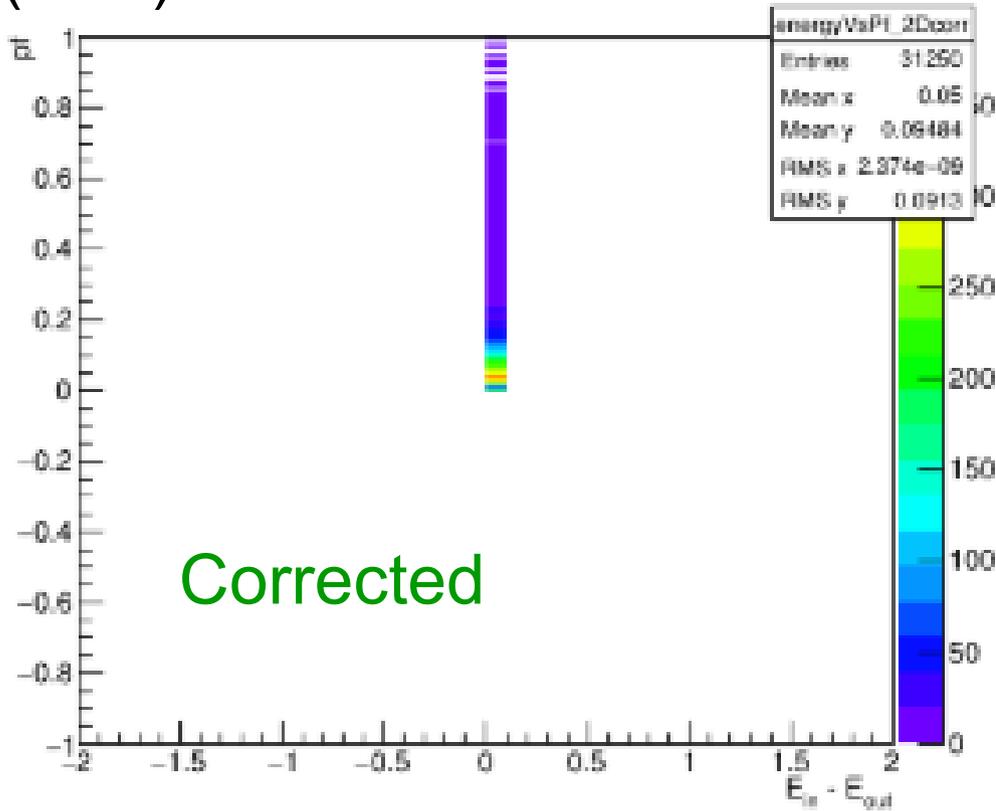
Energy not conserved in the ion rest frame (E & p_z fail in other frames)

Note: DPMJET3-F has the same problem. Minimized due to minimal p_F .

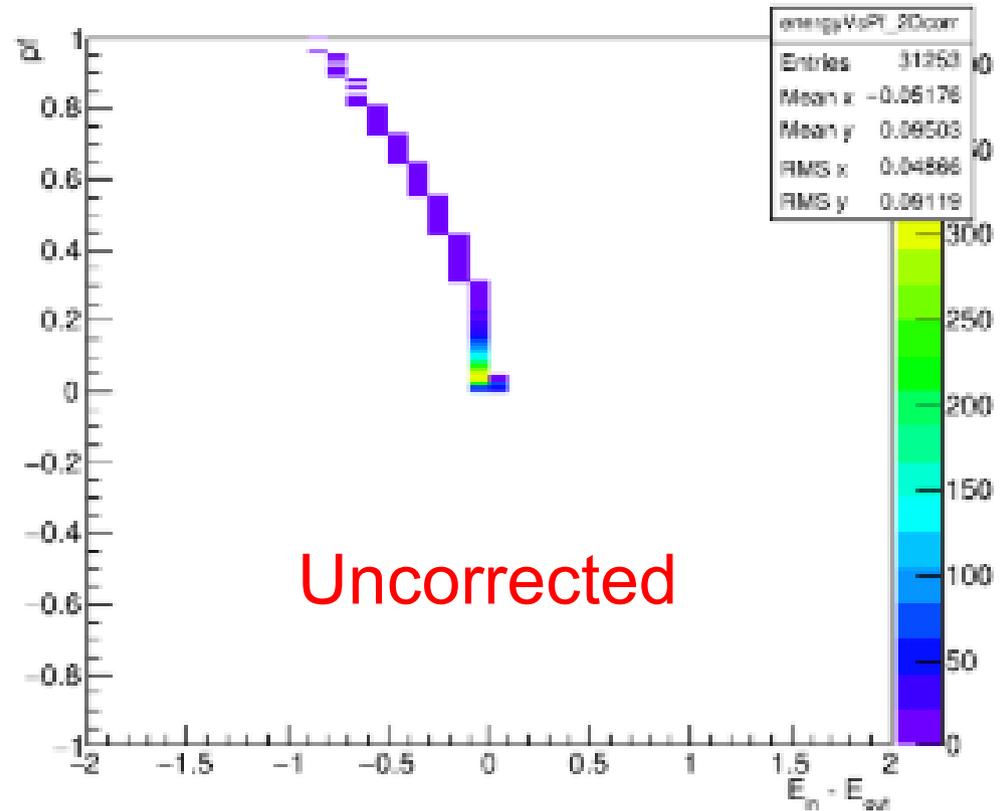
Must adjust 4-momenta of final state.

Correction works (MDB + Kong)

k (GeV)



Corrected

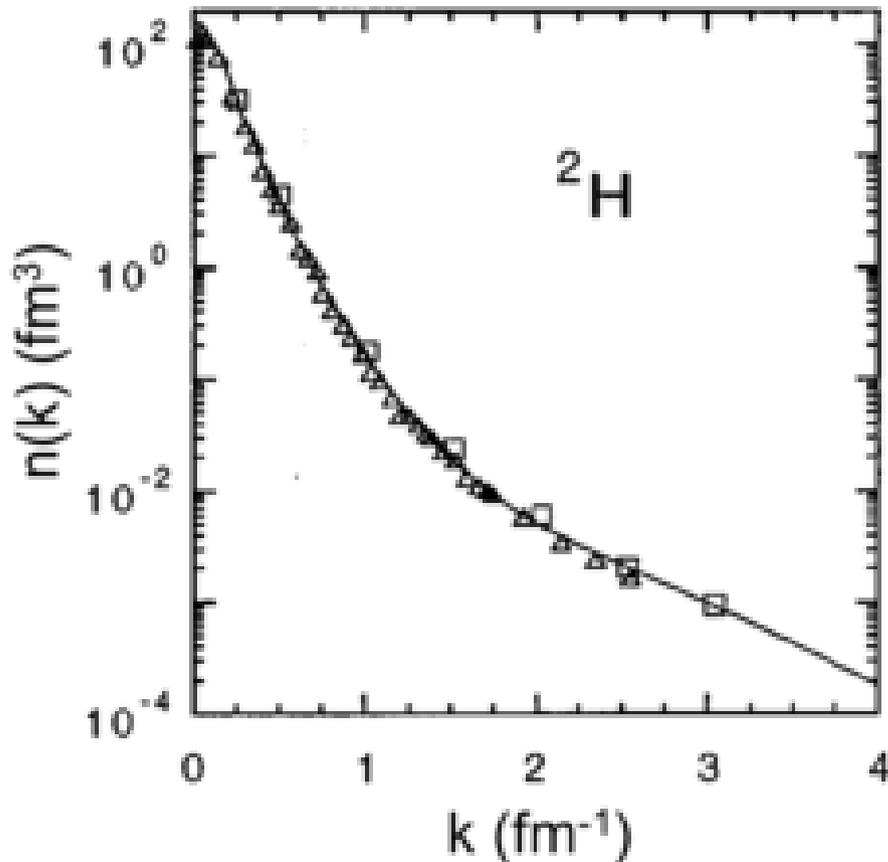


Uncorrected

$\sum E_{\text{correct}} - \sum E_{\text{simulated}}$ (GeV)
In full HCMS

$\sum E_{\text{correct}} - \sum E_{\text{simulated}}$ (GeV)
In full HCMS

High k tails of nucleons in the deuteron



Hen et al., RMP 89 (2017)045002 Fig. 4
adapted from Fig. 1 of
Ciofi degli Atti, Simula, PRC 53 (1996) 1689

Variable k = nucleon momentum
wrt deuteron cm: generalized
“Fermi momentum”.

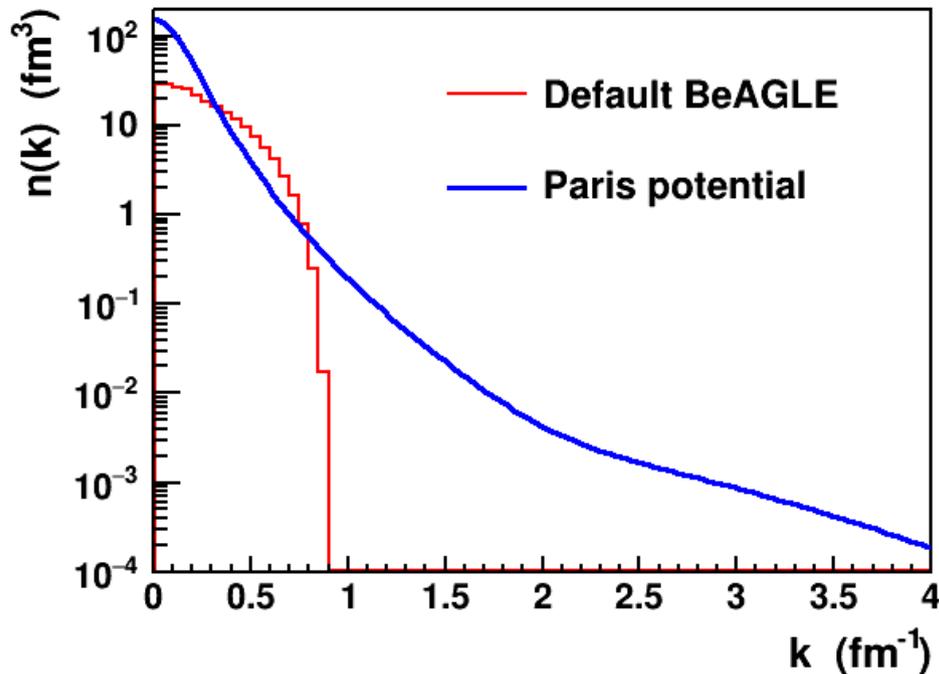
$$n(k) = k^{-2} \frac{dN}{dk} = \int d\Omega \left(\frac{d^3N}{dk^3} \right) \\ \text{fm}^{-1} \sim 197 \text{ MeV}$$

The curve is theory. Squares &
triangles are data from:

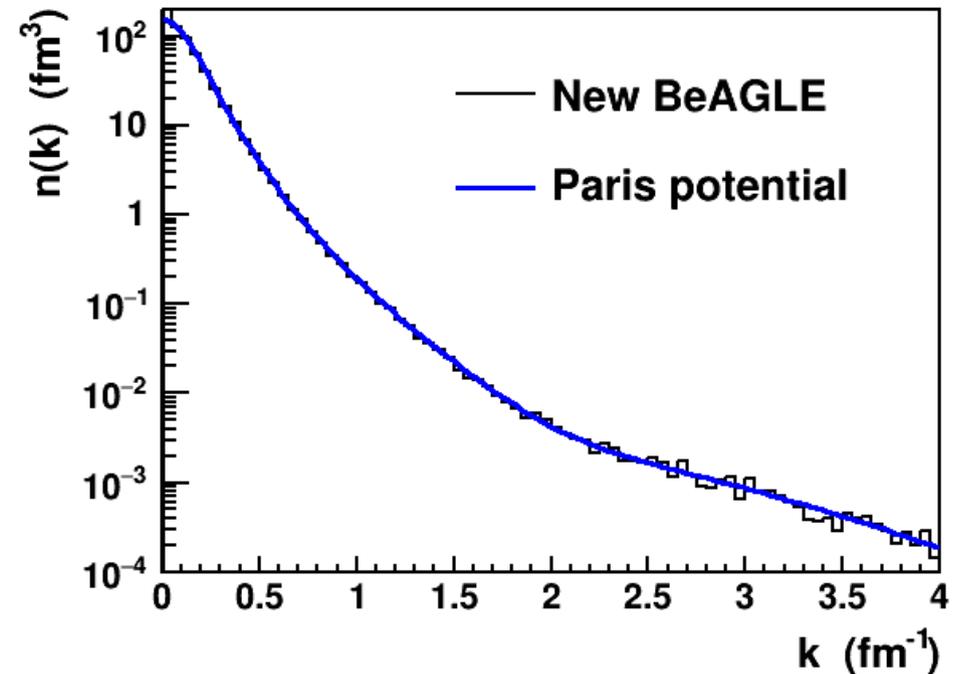
C. Ciofi degli Atti et al., PRC 43 (1991) 1153;
M. Berheim et al.: NPA 365 (1981) 349;
S. Turck-Chieze et al.: PLB 142 (1984) 145.

Kong (+MDB) implemented the D-tails

Nucleon relative momentum in D



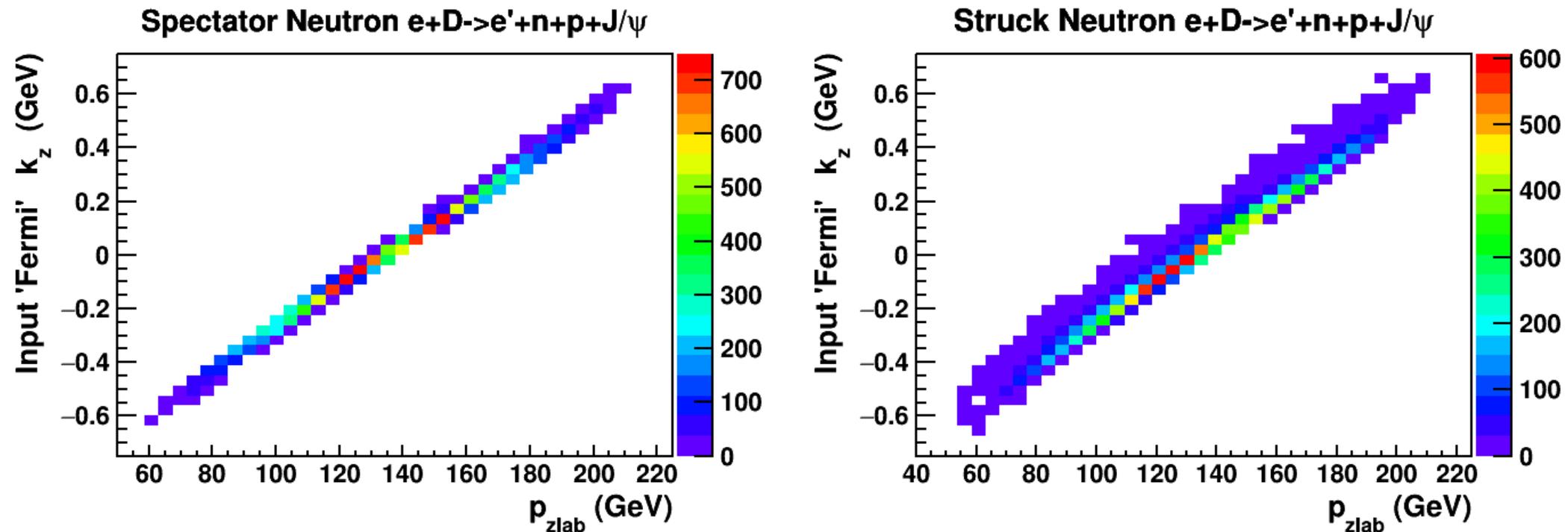
Nucleon relative momentum in D



$n(k) = k^{-2} * dN/dk = \int d\Omega (d^3N/dk^3)$ from PRC 53 (1996) 1689
 k is nucleon momentum wrt deuteron cm

Default BeAGLE distribution from DPMJet (little Fermi drop)

18x135 e+D momentum tail effect



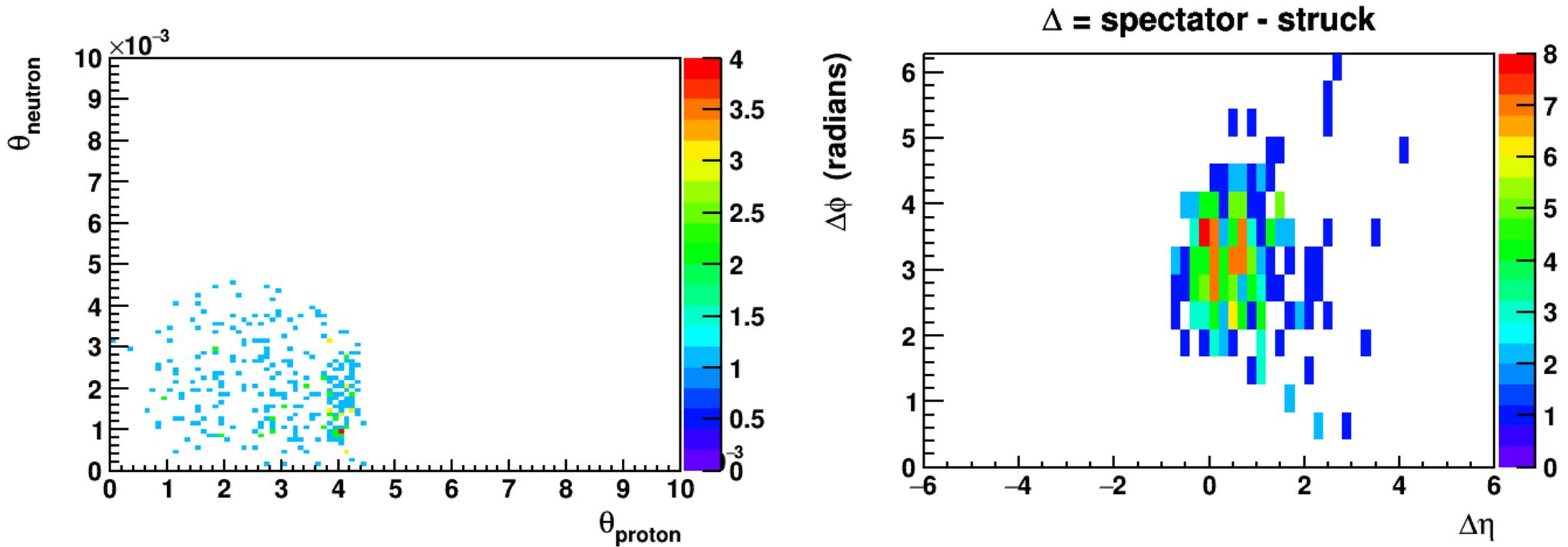
Any p-kick (IS or FS) along the “z” direction in the ion rest frame is magnified!
High p_z tails will be easy to pick out and measure.

Note: k is the relative momentum of n wrt D (arbitrary distribution)
k_z wrt z along γ^*D axis in IonRF. p_{zlab} has z along eD axis in lab.

Correlations

18x135 GeV $e+D \rightarrow e'+n+p+J/\psi$

For struck neutron, spectator proton – lab variables
 $|t| < 0.1 \text{ GeV}^2$, $550 < k < 600 \text{ MeV}$



Keeping $|t| < 0.1 \text{ GeV}^2$ contains forward nucleons in $\theta < 5 \text{ mr}$!
Nucleons are back to back.

Further user interactions @ Workshops

Talks: M.D. Baker et al.

- “SRCs @ EIC: Challenges in forward detection and simulation”, CFNS Workshop on Short-range Nuclear Correlations at BNL, Sept. 5-7, 2018
- “MC Event Generator BeAGLE for Forward Physics at the EIC”, CFNS workshop on Forward Physics and Instrumentation From Colliders to Cosmic Rays at Stony Brook University, October 17-19, 2018.
 - Made contact with some of the authors and current maintainers of DPMJet as well as members of the Fluka collaboration.
- Unable unable to accept an invitation to talk at the Seattle INT Workshop “Probing Nucleons and Nuclei in High Energy Collisions” during the “eA Collisions” weeks Oct. 29-Nov.9, 2018 in Seattle, Washington.
 - Apparantly a lot of discussion on e+D & SRCs

Technical Progress

Feature added or error corrected	07/2018	12/2018	Planned
1-8. Early BeAGLE features (see previous reports).	YES	YES	YES
9. Shadowing coherence length	NO	NO	YES
10. Partial shadowing effect	YES	YES	YES
11a. Effective σ_{dipole} for J/ψ averaged over x & Q^2	YES	YES	YES
11b. Effective σ_{dipole} for ϕ averaged over x & Q^2	YES	YES	YES
11c. Eff. $\sigma_{dipole}(x, Q^2)$ for $V=\psi, \phi, \rho, \omega$ from Sartre (ePb)	NO	NO	YES
11d. Use correct $R_{dip}(x, Q^2)$ for V from Sartre	NO	NO	YES
11e. Improved σ_{dipole} for V , if necessary	NO	NO	YES
12. Tune to E665 μ A Streamer Chamber data	NO	NO	YES
13. FS p_T for hard process correct	YES	YES	YES
14. Kinematic matching between DPMJet&Pythia	YES	YES	YES
15. Protect against very high E^* values.	YES	YES	YES
16. Enable nPDF with any value of A,Z (EPS09)	YES	YES	YES
17. Extend $R \rightarrow \sigma_{dipole}$ map to more values of A	YES	YES	YES
18. Tune the t distribution for multiple scattering.	NO	NO	YES
19a. Release α version BeAGLE/RAPGAP	YES	YES	YES
19b. Release β version BeAGLE/RAPGAP	NO	YES	YES
19c. Release tested version BeAGLE/RAPGAP	NO	NO	YES
19d. Extend RAPGAP to include e+n (w/ H. Jung)	NO	NO	YES
20. Allow diffraction w/ individual $V=\psi, \phi, \rho, \omega$	YES	YES	YES
21. Cleanup and document BeAGLE work so far.	NO	YES	YES
22. Update Fermi momentum distributions for e+D.	NO	YES	YES
23. Put e+D on mass-shell (light-cone prescription)	NO	Ad-hoc	YES
XX. Implement UltraPeripheral Photon Flux	NO	NO	NO
XX. Tune BeAGLE to UPC data (RHIC &/or LHC)	NO	NO	NO

Table 2. Technical accomplishments and plans through FY2019.

19a. Release α version BeAGLE/RAPGAP	YES	YES	YES
19b. Release β version BeAGLE/RAPGAP	NO	YES	YES
19c. Release tested version BeAGLE/RAPGAP	NO	NO	YES
19d. Extend RAPGAP to include e+n (w/ H. Jung)	NO	NO	YES
20. Allow diffraction w/ individual $V=\psi, \phi, \rho, \omega$	YES	YES	YES
21. Cleanup and document BeAGLE work so far.	NO	YES	YES
22. Update Fermi momentum distributions for e+D.	NO	YES	YES
23. Put e+D on mass-shell (light-cone prescription)	NO	Ad-hoc	YES
XX. Implement UltraPeripheral Photon Flux	NO	NO	NO
XX. Tune BeAGLE to UPC data (RHIC &/or LHC)	NO	NO	NO

- Successful at releasing BeAGLE and configuring it for a broader developer & user base.
- Significant progress on e+D.
- Delay in RAPGAP implementation.
 - No showstoppers seen.
- Difficulty of tuning to data is unknown.

Response to Committee Recommendations

Recommendations:

The committee recommends this proposal be funded.

Since BeAGLE is essential to establishing the EIC detector requirements, by the next meeting in January 2019 the committee would like to see a plan for accelerating the work, ensuring BeAGLE expertise is held more widely, and addressing continuity.

- Good progress on these issues. BeAGLE is:
 - Documented: <https://wiki.bnl.gov/eic/index.php/BeAGLE>
 - Widely accessible & version controlled
 - All versions merged & installed at BNL & JLAB
 - Available on git (repository / version control system)
 - Attracting a growing base of developers (& users)
 - Now: MDB + Mathieu Ehrhart + Zhoudunming Tu +LZ
 - Soon: Florian Hauenstein, Barak Shmookler + ...

Big Picture / External Funding / Continuity

	Fiscal Year	BNL eRD17	JLAB LDRD
Original Proposal: DIS at low x	FY2016	DIS Shadowing year 1	
	FY2017	DIS Shadowing year 2	Geometry Tagging year 1
Committee/Users push: Diffraction & Validation	FY2018	Add RAPGAP & Tune year 1	Geometry Tagging year 2
	FY2019	Add RAPGAP & Tune year 2	Short-Range Correlations year 1
	FY2020	?	Short-Range Correlations year 2 *

FY2019 Midcourse corrections:

Add e+D. - Driven by strong user demand

UPC – Looking for new expert collaborators – Trying to keep the project achievable

Strengthen User/Developer base – Suggested by committee & driven by users.

Continuity: contract vs. institutional employee model for key personnel (Baker):

MDBPADS was established in 2011 and has operated continuously since then.

Approved projects through 2020 (funding for 2020 not guaranteed)

History of contracts directly w/ BNL & JLAB as well as BNL/eRD17

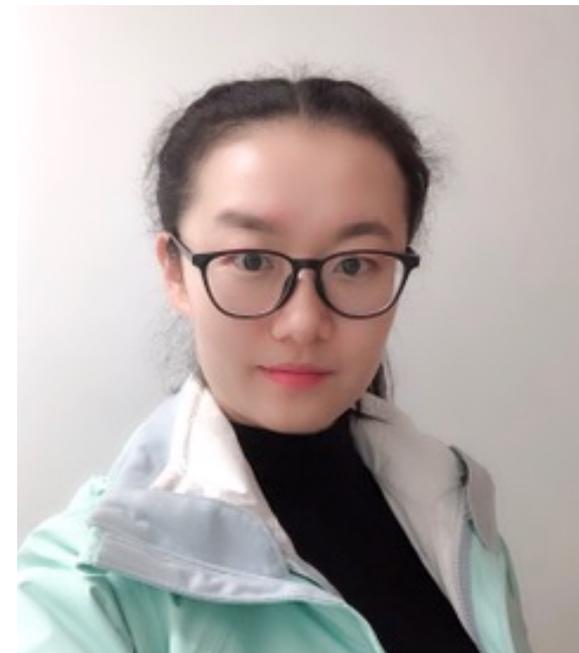
Senior lab employees have little time to devote to model-building (esp. in the US)

Note: A multi-year contract *would* be preferable to year-by-year

Accelerating the Work

Wan Chang, supervised by Elke, working on a day-to-day basis with Kong Tu w/ support from Baker is now a **proven** formula, based on the acceptance studies.

Plan: Use this approach for BeAGLE tuning.



FY2019 Supplemental Proposal

Wan Chang – travel support (per diem + housing only)

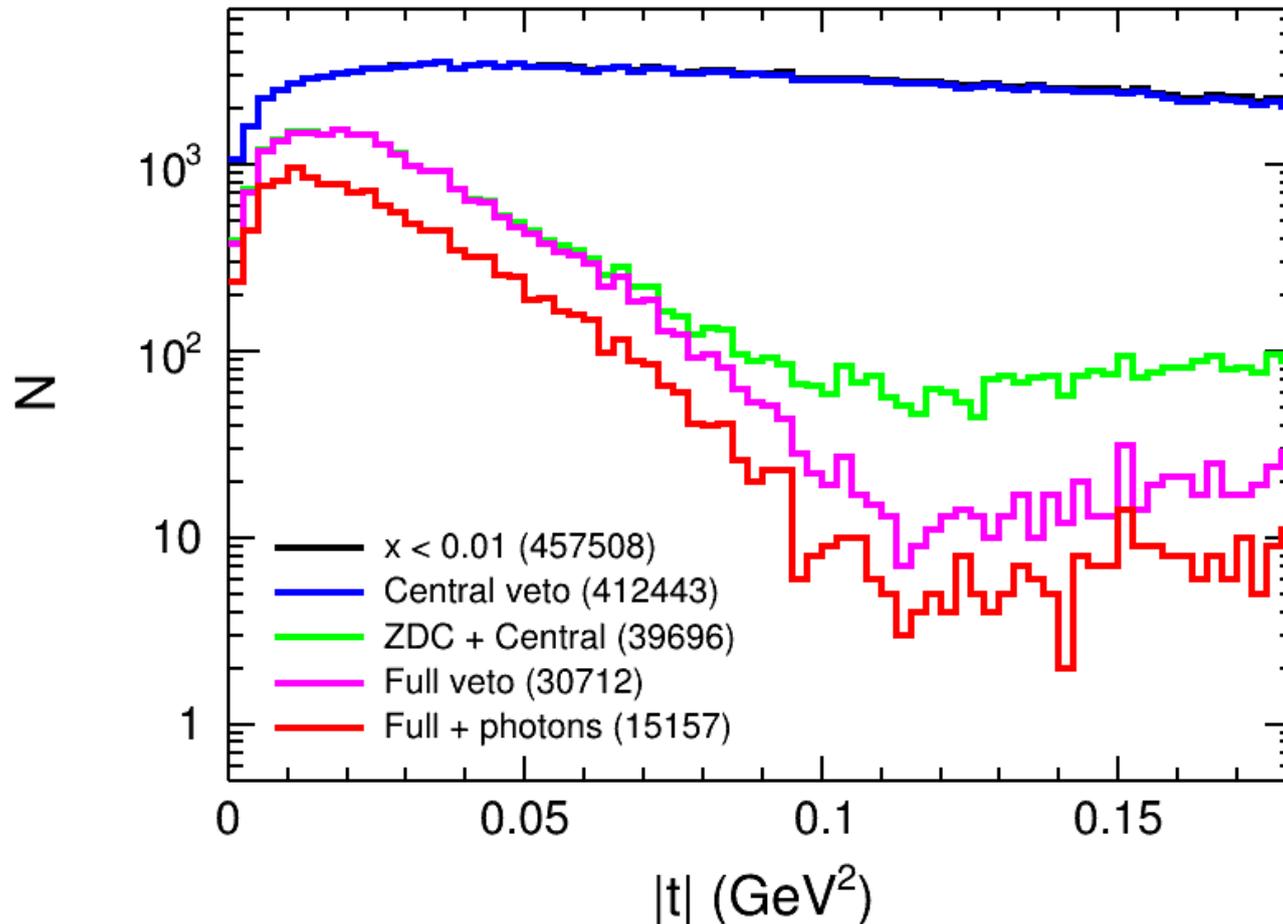
Effort Level	Additional Funding	Comments
3 FTE months = 0.25 FTE years	\$14,400	Minimum practical
5 FTE months = 0.42 FTE years	\$24,000	PROPOSED
7 FTE months = 0.58 FTE years	\$33,600	Maximum practical

Conclusions

- BeAGLE is used at both labs to understand detector acceptances and requirements.
- BeAGLE expertise is growing rapidly.
 - Accessible and version-controlled.
 - Collaborative rather than support-based approach.
- BeAGLE validation w/ RAPGAP & E665 data is progressing, but somewhat delayed.
 - **As suggested by the committee in the July homework discussions, we propose a \$24k supplement to accelerate the effort.**

Extras

JLEIC Event Veto: BeAGLE + GEMC



VETO USING:

Non-forward particles
 $\theta > 100 \text{ mrad}$ ($E_\gamma > 500 \text{ MeV}$)

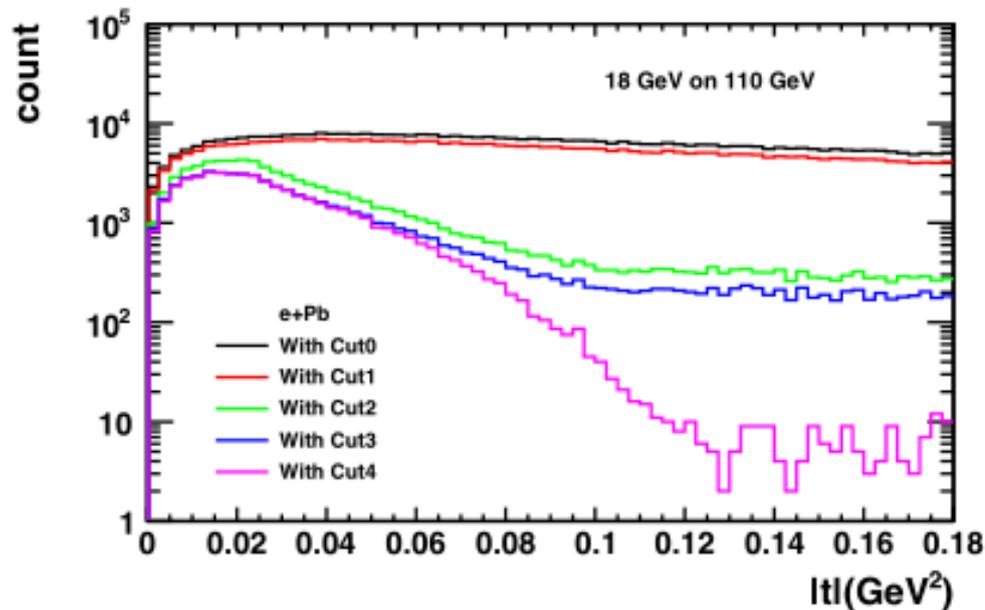
w/ very forward particles
($E_\gamma > 40 \text{ MeV}$)

(w/ very forward neutrals
or forward charged)

w/ forward particles
($E_\gamma > 40 \text{ MeV}$)

BeAGLE models incoherent e+A diffraction as Glauber Σ e+N

Full + photons means we veto on all forward particles which make it through the first spectrometer dipole.



Event Count	
Cut0	1000000
Cut1	766250
Cut2	122059
Cut3	85872
Cut4	68461

Cut0: no cut

Cut1:

- no activity in the main detector other than the J/Ψ and scattered electron

Cut2:

- Cut1
- no neutron in ZDC($\theta < 4\text{mrad}$)

Cut3:

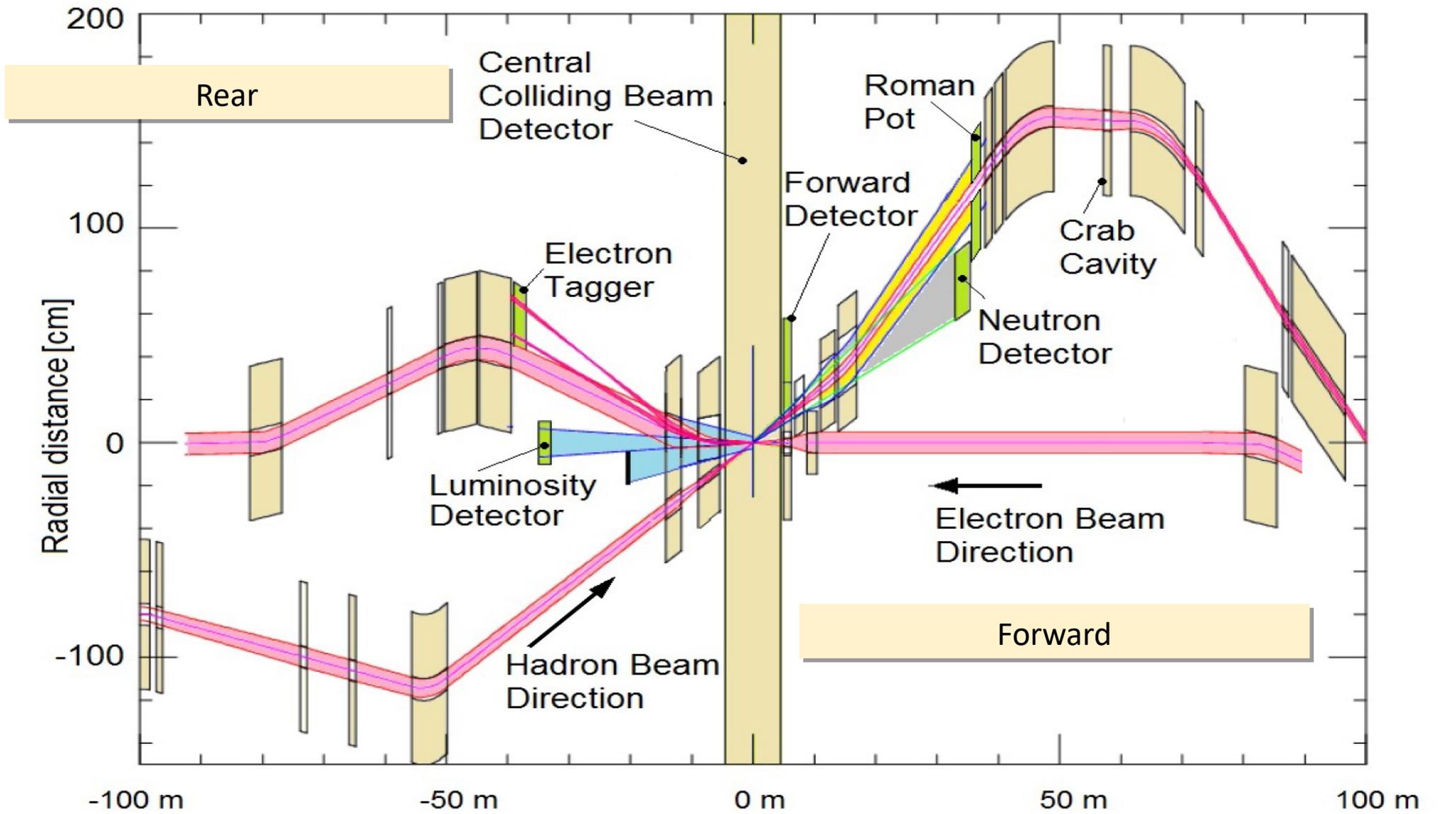
- Cut2
- no photon $E > 150\text{MeV}$ in ZDC

Cut4:

- Cut3
- no proton in $\frac{0.2}{R} < p_T < \frac{1.3}{R}$
(Pb: $A \rightarrow 208$, $Z \rightarrow 82$, $R = A/Z$)

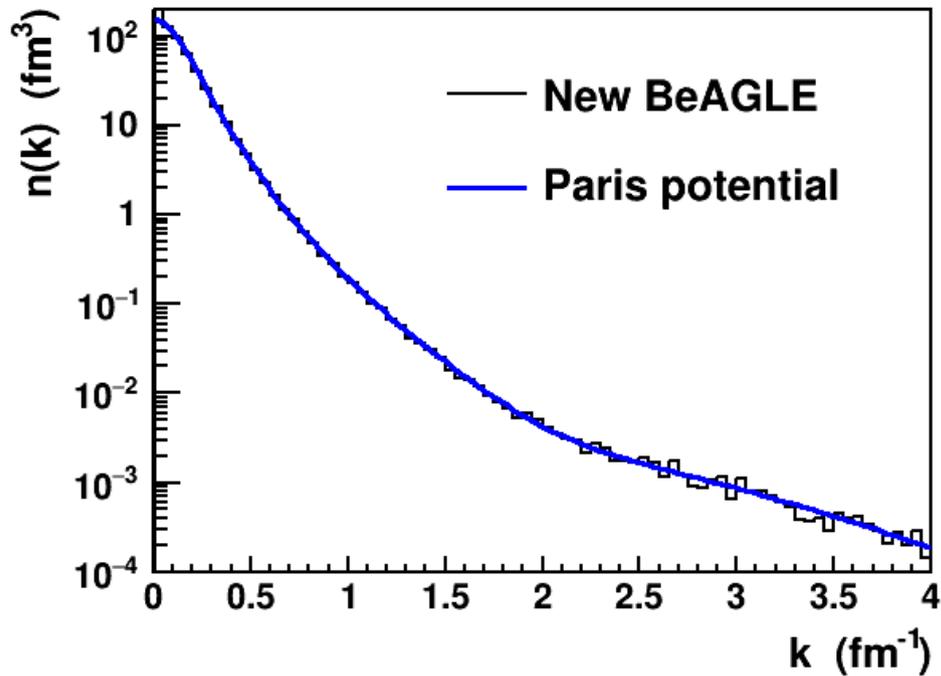
eRHIC detector

https://www.bnl.gov/cad/eRhic/Documents/eRHIC_Design_Update_Nov2018.pptx

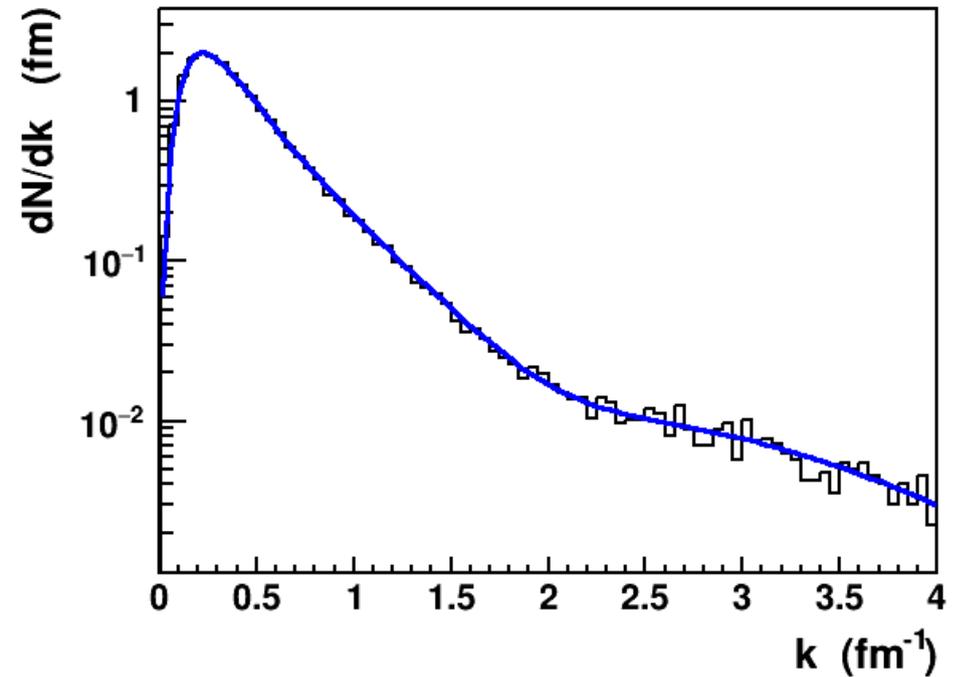


3d versus 1d distributions

Nucleon relative momentum in D



Nucleon relative momentum in D

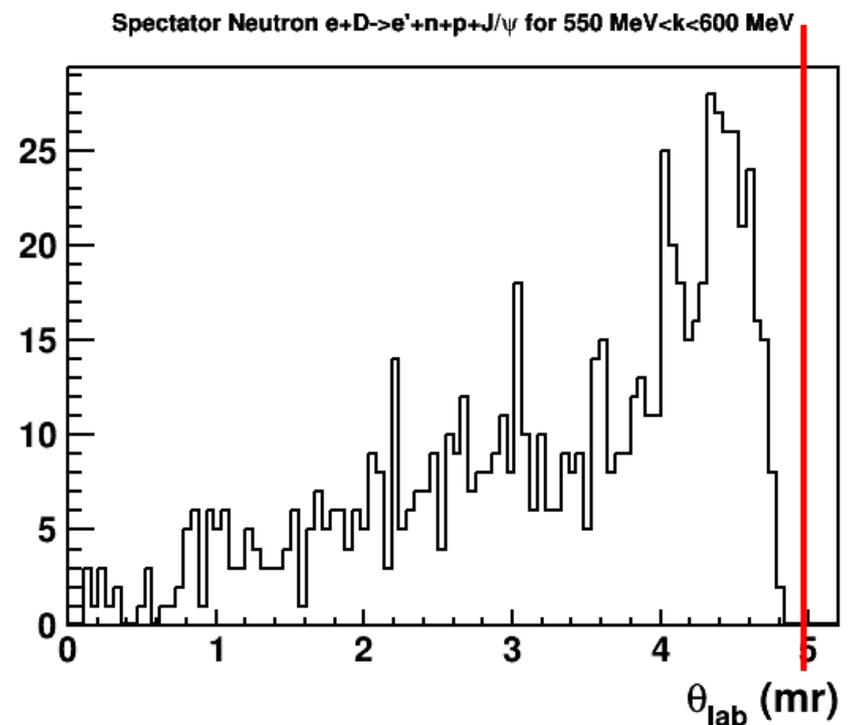
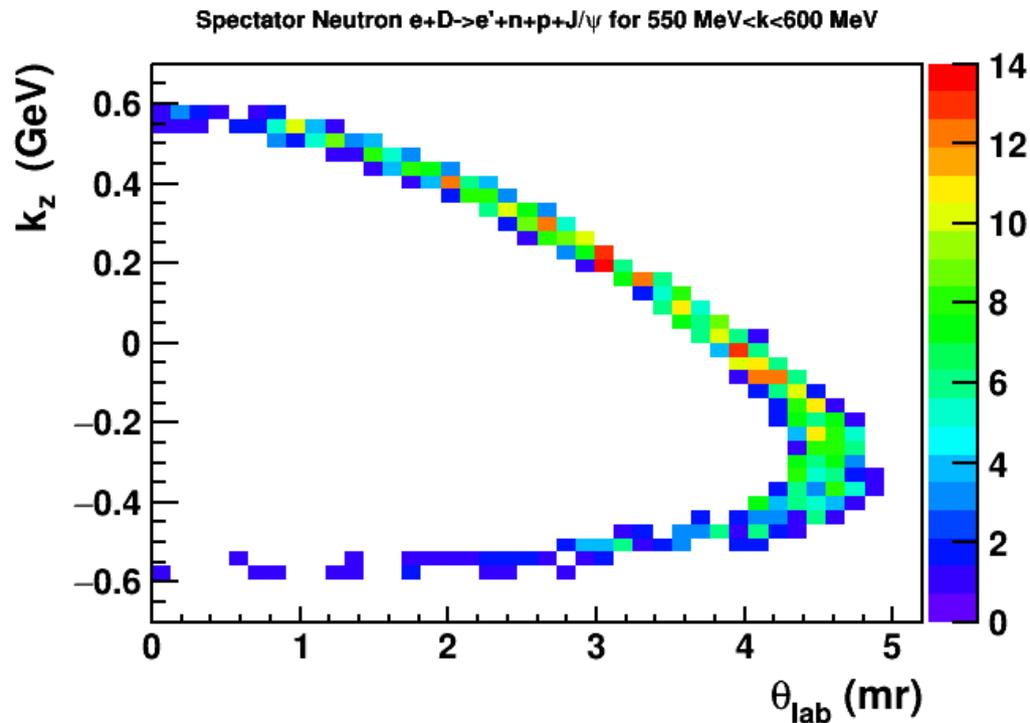


$$\begin{aligned} n(k) &= k^{-2} * dN/dk \\ &= \int d\Omega (d^3N/dk^3) \end{aligned}$$

$$dN/dk = k^2 n(k)$$

Spectator neutrons (or p's) for $k \sim 575$ MeV

18×135 GeV $e + D \rightarrow e' + n + p + J/\psi$



Spectators are very forward, even for $550 < k < 600$ MeV
Neutrons basically contained in ZDC.
Protons need study, but the prognosis is good.

FY2019 Budget Proposal

Person	Institution	Effort (FTE-year)	Cost to Proposal	Remarks
E. Aschenauer	BNL	0.05	\$0	cost covered by BNL
M.D. Baker	MDBPADS[18]	0.25	\$62,400	
J.H. Lee	BNL	0.05	\$0	cost covered by BNL
L. Zheng	CUGW	0.10	\$0	cost covered by CUGW
TOTAL:		0.45	\$62,400	

Table 2: Personnel Budget Breakdown for FY2019

Item	Cost	
Personnel:	\$62,400	= FY2018 + inflation
Zheng Travel	\$4,500	NEW ITEM
Other Travel	\$1,500	NEW ITEM
TOTAL:	\$68,400	

Table 3: Total Budget Breakdown for FY2019