

TMD Factorization, Factorization Breaking and Evolution

Ted C. Rogers

Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

Based on:

S.M. Aybat, TCR (2011)

TCR, P.J. Mulders (2010)

See also, *Foundations of Perturbative QCD*, J.C. Collins.

(available May 2011)

DIS 2011 April 13, 2011

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - ***Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)***

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - *Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)*

- Related: Factorization Theorems:

Definitions dictated by requirements for factorization!

Status:

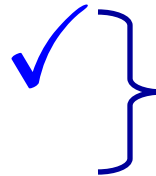
- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - ***Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)***
- Related: Factorization Theorems:
 - Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering.
 - Drell-Yan.
 - e^+/e^- annihilation.
 - $p + p \longrightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - *Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)*

- Related: Factorization Theorems:

- Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering. ✓
- Drell-Yan. ✓
- e^+/e^- annihilation. ✓
- $p + p \longrightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$



Watch out for sign flips!

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - *Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)*

- Related: Factorization Theorems:

- Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering. ✓
- Drell-Yan. ✓
- e^+/e^- annihilation. ✓
- ~~$p + p \rightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$!!~~

Watch out for sign flips!

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - ***Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)***
- Related: Factorization and Universality:
 - Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering.
 - Drell-Yan.
 - e^+/e^- annihilation.
 - ~~$p + p \rightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$!!~~
- Related: Implementation and Evolution.

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - ***Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)***
- Related: Factorization and Universality:
 - Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering.
 - Drell-Yan.
 - e^+/e^- annihilation.
 - ~~$p + p \rightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$!!~~
- Related: Implementation and Evolution.
 - Existing fixed-scale fits with no evolution.

TMD-Factorization

- TMD Parton model intuition (Drell-Yan):

$$W^{\mu\nu} = \sum_f \underbrace{|\mathcal{H}_f(Q)^2|^{\mu\nu}}_{\text{Leading order hard part}} \int d^2\mathbf{k}_{1T} d^2\mathbf{k}_{2T} \underbrace{F_{f/P_2}(x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T})}_{\text{No evolution}} \underbrace{F_{\bar{f}/P_2}(x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T})}_{\text{No evolution}} \times \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{k}_{1T} + \mathbf{k}_{2T} - \mathbf{q}_T)$$

Leading order hard part

No evolution

Generalized Parton Model

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - ***Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)***
- Related: Factorization and Universality:
 - Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering.
 - Drell-Yan.
 - e^+/e^- annihilation.
 - ~~$p + p \rightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$!!~~
- Related: Implementation and Evolution.
 - Existing fixed-scale with no evolution.
 - Existing “old fashion” implementations of Collins-Soper-Sterman formalism.

Evolved Cross Section:

- Contrast: Typical appearance of Collins-Soper-Sterman formalism:
(1985)

$$\begin{aligned}
 d\sigma \sim & \int d^2\mathbf{b} e^{-i\mathbf{b}\cdot\mathbf{q}_T} \\
 & \int_{x_1}^1 \frac{d\hat{x}_1}{\hat{x}_1} \tilde{C}_{f/j}(x_1/\hat{x}_1, b_*; \mu_b^2, \mu_b, g(\mu_b)) f_{j/P_1}(\hat{x}_1, \mu_b) \\
 & \int_{x_2}^1 \frac{d\hat{x}_2}{\hat{x}_2} \tilde{C}_{f/j}(x_2/\hat{x}_2, b_*; \mu_b^2, \mu_b, g(\mu_b)) f_{j/P_2}(\hat{x}_2, \mu_b) \\
 & \exp \left[\int_{1/b^2}^{Q^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \left\{ \mathcal{A}(\alpha_s(\mu')) \ln \frac{Q^2}{\mu'^2} + \mathcal{B}(\alpha_s(\mu')) \right\} \right] \\
 & \exp \left[-g_k(b) \ln \frac{Q^2}{Q_0^2} - g_1(x_1, b) - g_2(x_2, b) \right] \\
 & \quad \quad \quad + \text{Large } q_T \text{ term}
 \end{aligned}$$

Status:

- Complicated issues involved in defining TMDs.
 - Divergences.
 - Wilson lines / gauge links.
 - Universality / Non-universality.
 - **Much progress! (see pre-DIS talks)**
- Related: Factorization and Universality:
 - Semi-Inclusive deep inelastic scattering.
 - Drell-Yan.
 - e^+/e^- annihilation.
 - ~~$p + p \rightarrow h_1 + h_2 + X$!!~~
- Related: Implementation and Evolution.
 - Existing fixed-scale with no evolution.
 - Existing “old fashion” implementations of Collins-Soper-Sterman formalism.
- **How are these related? How to connect to phenomenology?**

What is needed?

- TMD Parton model intuition (Drell-Yan):

$$W^{\mu\nu} = \sum_f |\mathcal{H}_f(Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} \int d^2\mathbf{k}_{1T} d^2\mathbf{k}_{2T} F_{f/P_2}(x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T}) F_{\bar{f}/P_2}(x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}) \times \\ \times \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{k}_{1T} + \mathbf{k}_{2T} - \mathbf{q}_T)$$

- Using newest definitions:

$$W^{\mu\nu} = \sum_f |\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu)^2|^{\mu\nu} \\ \times \int d^2\mathbf{k}_{1T} d^2\mathbf{k}_{2T} F_{f/P_1}(x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T}; \mu; \zeta_1) F_{\bar{f}/P_2}(x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}; \mu; \zeta_2) \\ \times \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{k}_{1T} + \mathbf{k}_{2T} - \mathbf{q}_T) \\ + Y(Q, q_T) + \mathcal{O}((\Lambda/Q)^a).$$

What is needed?

- TMD Parton model intuition (Drell-Yan):

$$W^{\mu\nu} = \sum_f |\mathcal{H}_f(Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} \int d^2\mathbf{k}_{1T} d^2\mathbf{k}_{2T} F_{f/P_2}(x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T}) F_{\bar{f}/P_2}(x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}) \times \\ \times \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{k}_{1T} + \mathbf{k}_{2T} - \mathbf{q}_T)$$

- Using newest definitions:

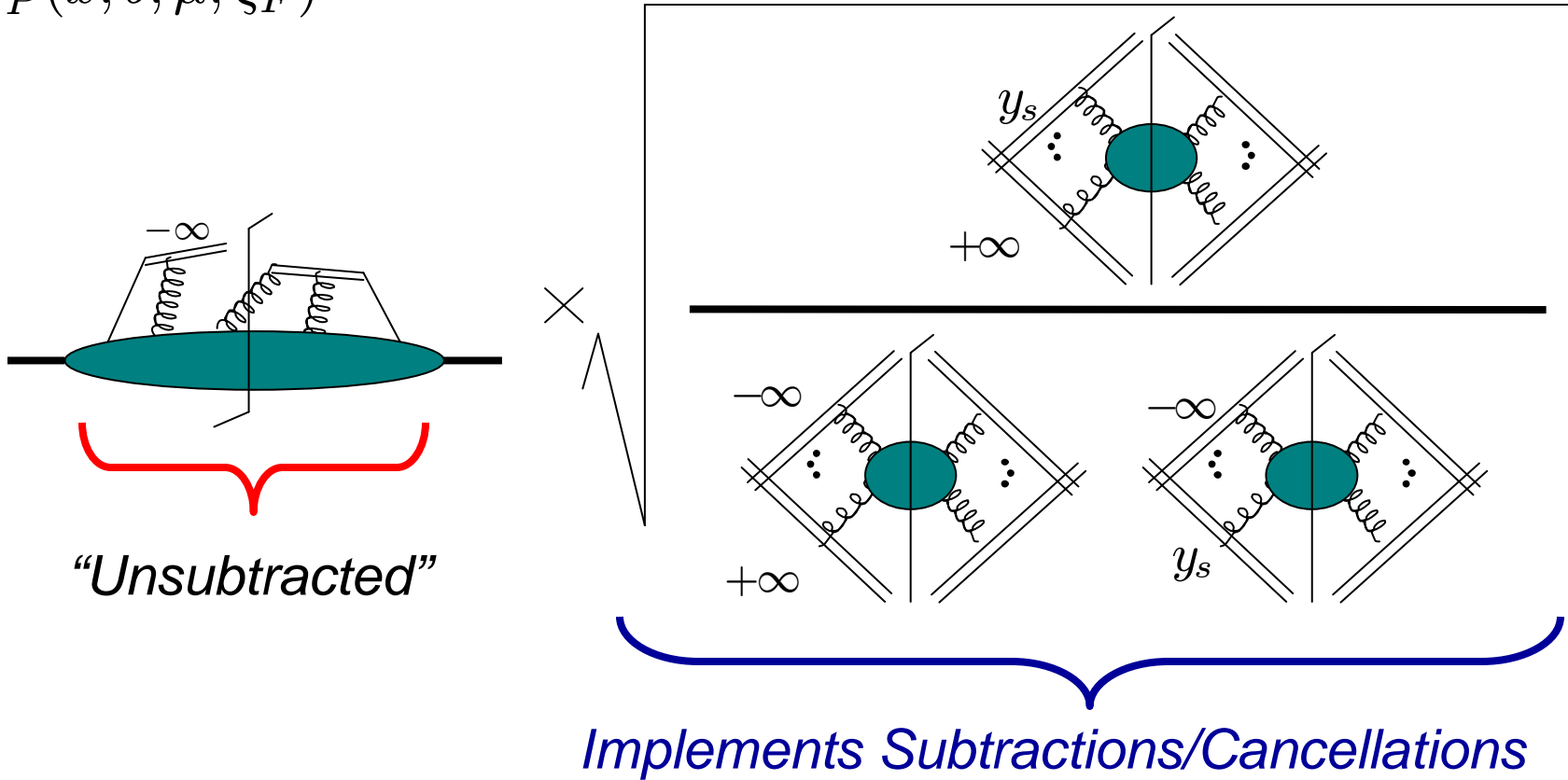
$$W^{\mu\nu} = \sum_f \underline{|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu)^2|^{\mu\nu}} \times \int d^2\mathbf{k}_{1T} d^2\mathbf{k}_{2T} \underline{F_{f/P_1}(x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T}; \mu; \zeta_1) F_{\bar{f}/P_2}(x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}; \mu; \zeta_2)} \\ \times \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{k}_{1T} + \mathbf{k}_{2T} - \mathbf{q}_T) + Y(Q, q_T) + \mathcal{O}((\Lambda/Q)^a).$$

Process dependence in hard part

Universal PDFs with evolution

TMD PDF, Complete Definition:

$$F_{f/P}(x, b; \mu; \zeta_F) =$$



From *Foundations of Perturbative QCD*, J.C. Collins,
 See also, Collins, TMD 2010 Trento Workshop

Our Strategy:

- Use evolution to extrapolate between existing fits, to build unified fits that include evolution.

(S.M. Aybat, TCR (2011))

– PDFs:

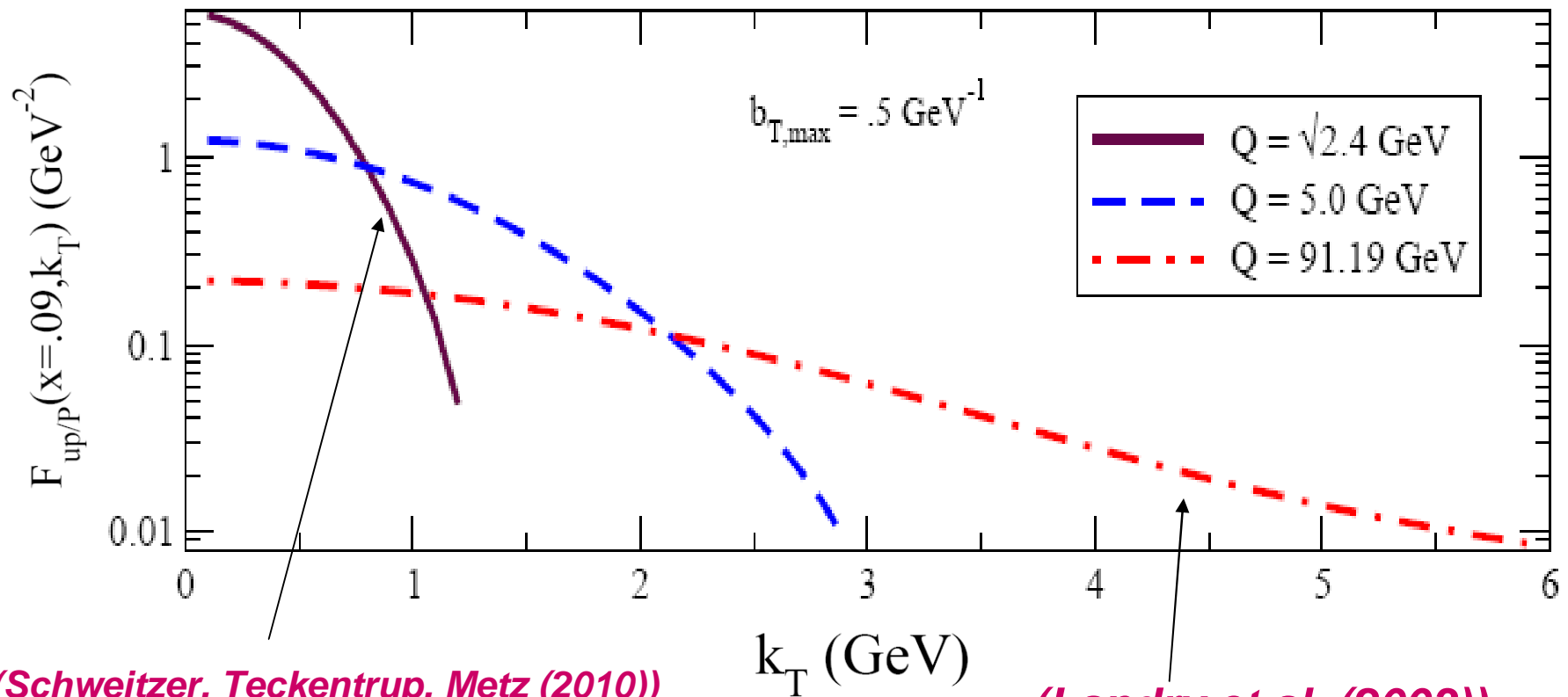
- Start with DY:
(Landry et al, (2003); Konychev, Nadolsky (2006)) (BLNY)
- Modify to match to SIDIS:
(Schweitzer, Teckentrup, Metz (2010)) (STM)

(For details, see Aybat talk, pre-DIS meeting.)

- Can supply explicit, evolved TMD PDF fit.

Evolving TMD PDFs

Up Quark TMD PDF, $x = .09$



(Schweitzer, Teckentrup, Metz (2010))

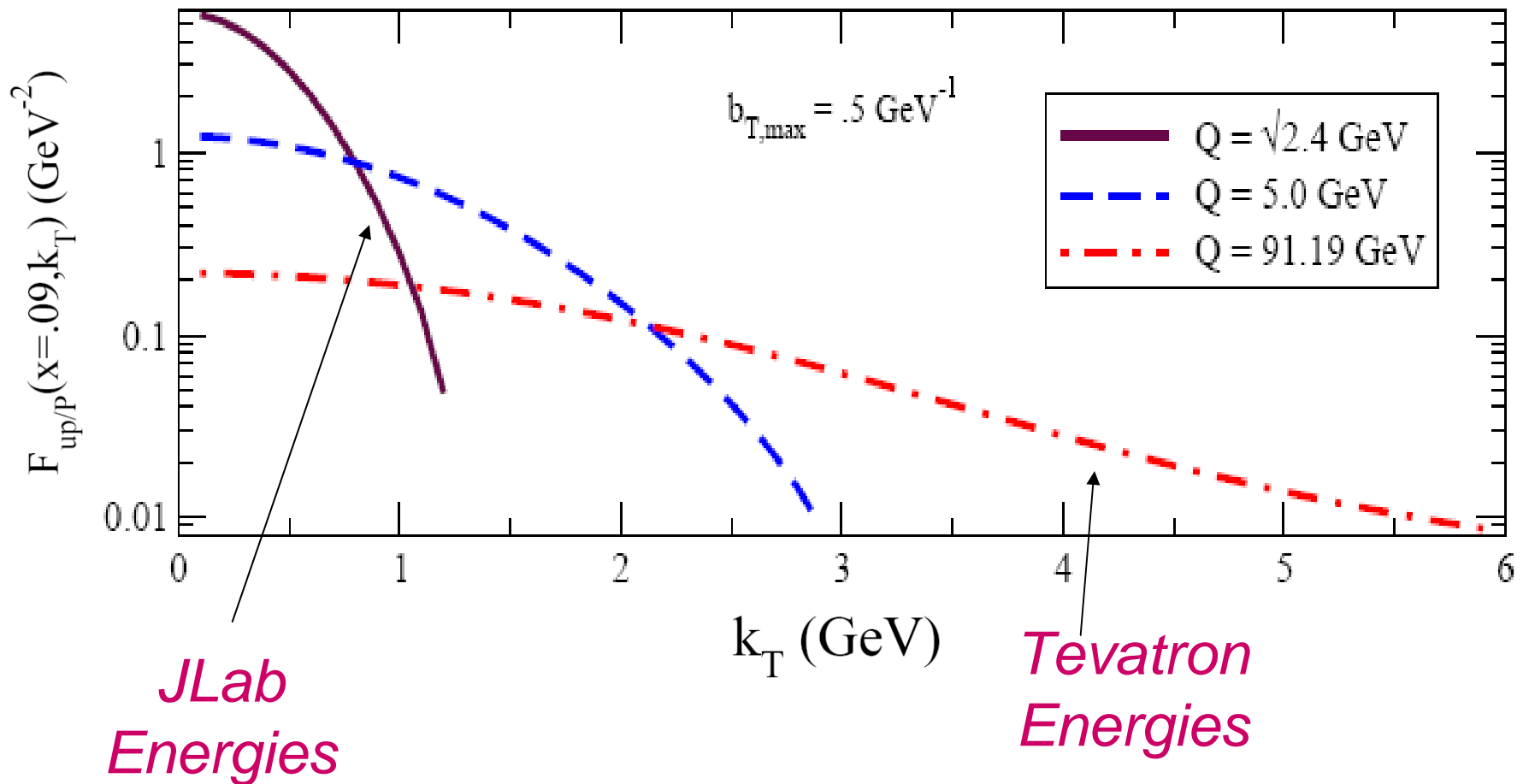
(SIDIS)

(Landry et al, (2003))

(Drell-Yan)

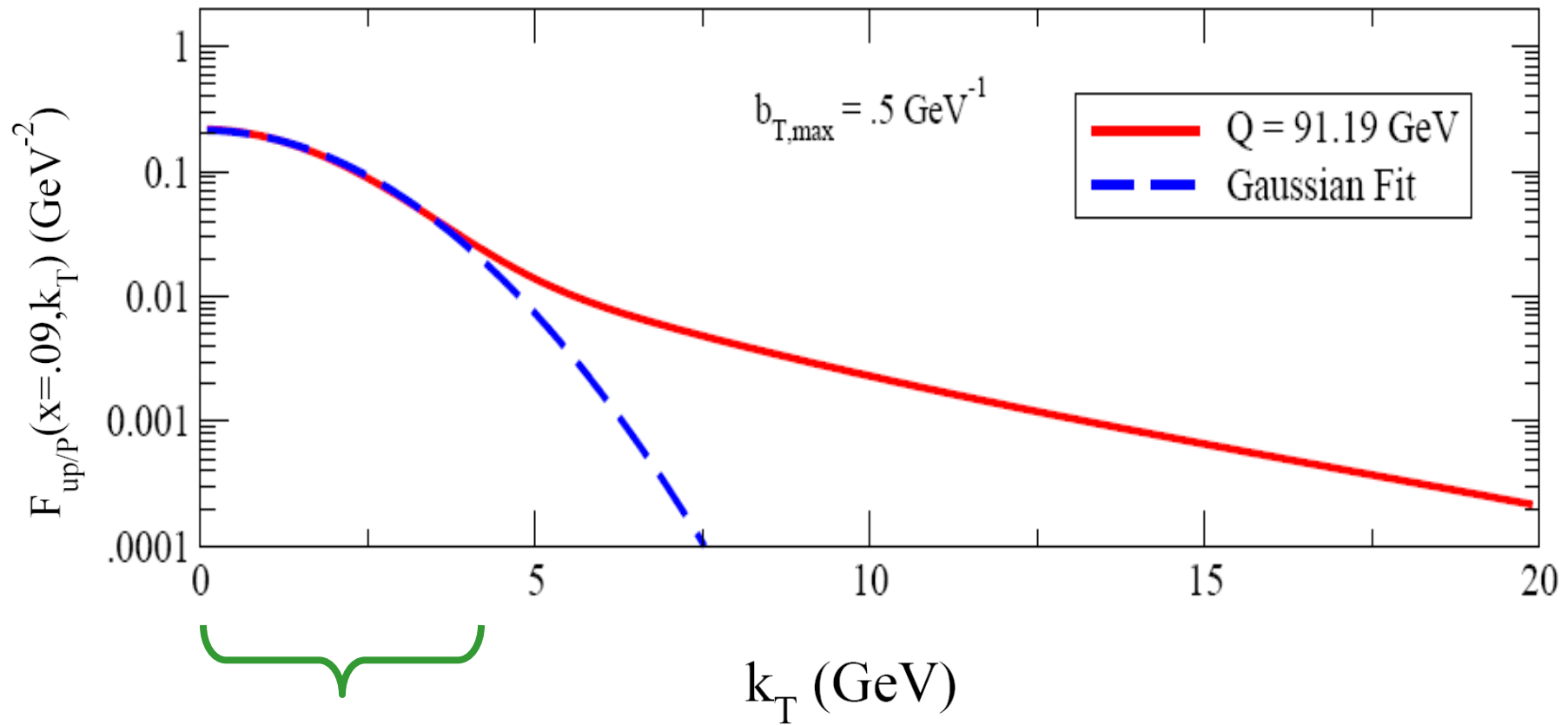
Evolving TMD PDFs

Up Quark TMD PDF, $x = .09$



Evolving TMD PDFs

Up Quark TMD PDF, $x = .09$, $Q = 91.19$ GeV




Gaussian fit good at small k_T .

Unambiguous Hard Part

- Higher orders follow systematically from definitions:

$$W^{\mu\nu} = |\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} F_{f/P_1} \otimes F_{f/P_2}$$

 $|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = \frac{W^{\mu\nu}}{F_{f/P_1} \otimes F_{f/P_2}}$

Unambiguous Hard Part

- Definition:

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = \frac{W^{\mu\nu}}{F_{f/P_1} \otimes F_{f/P_2}}$$

- Drell-Yan: $(\overline{\text{MS}})$

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = e_f^2 |H_0^2|^{\mu\nu} \left(1 + \frac{C_F \alpha_s}{\pi} \left[\frac{3}{2} \ln(Q^2/\mu^2) - \frac{1}{2} \ln^2(Q^2/\mu^2) - 4 + \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right] \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$$

Unambiguous Hard Part

- Definition:

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = \frac{W^{\mu\nu}}{F_{f/P_1} \otimes F_{f/P_2}}$$

- Drell-Yan: $(\overline{\text{MS}})$

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = e_f^2 |H_0^2|^{\mu\nu} \left(1 + \frac{C_F \alpha_s}{\pi} \left[\frac{3}{2} \ln(Q^2/\mu^2) - \frac{1}{2} \ln^2(Q^2/\mu^2) - 4 + \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right] \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$$

- SIDIS

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = e_f^2 |H_0^2|^{\mu\nu} \left(1 + \frac{C_F \alpha_s}{\pi} \left[\frac{3}{2} \ln(Q^2/\mu^2) - \frac{1}{2} \ln^2(Q^2/\mu^2) - 4 \right] \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$$

Unambiguous Hard Part

- Definition:

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = \frac{W^{\mu\nu}}{F_{f/P_1} \otimes F_{f/P_2}}$$

- Drell-Yan: $(\overline{\text{MS}})$

Space-like photon!

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = e_f^2 |H_0^2|^{\mu\nu} \left(1 + \frac{C_F \alpha_s}{\pi} \left[\frac{3}{2} \ln(Q^2/\mu^2) - \frac{1}{2} \ln^2(Q^2/\mu^2) - 4 + \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right] \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$$

- SIDIS

$$|\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu/Q)^2|^{\mu\nu} = e_f^2 |H_0^2|^{\mu\nu} \left(1 + \frac{C_F \alpha_s}{\pi} \left[\frac{3}{2} \ln(Q^2/\mu^2) - \frac{1}{2} \ln^2(Q^2/\mu^2) - 4 \right] \right) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$$

Long-Term Goal:

- Repository of new TMD fits with evolution.
- Based on well-understood operator definitions.
 - *Take Collins definitions.*

Agenda:

- Improve fits. Combine SIDIS, DY, e^+e^- in global fit. Extend to higher orders. Gaussian fits.
- Extend to polarization dependent functions (Sivers, Boer-Mulders, etc...).
- TMD gluon distribution.
- Factorization breaking??
- Updates to appear at:

<https://projects.hepforge.org/tmd/>

Thanks!

Backup Slides

Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

Naïve Factorization:

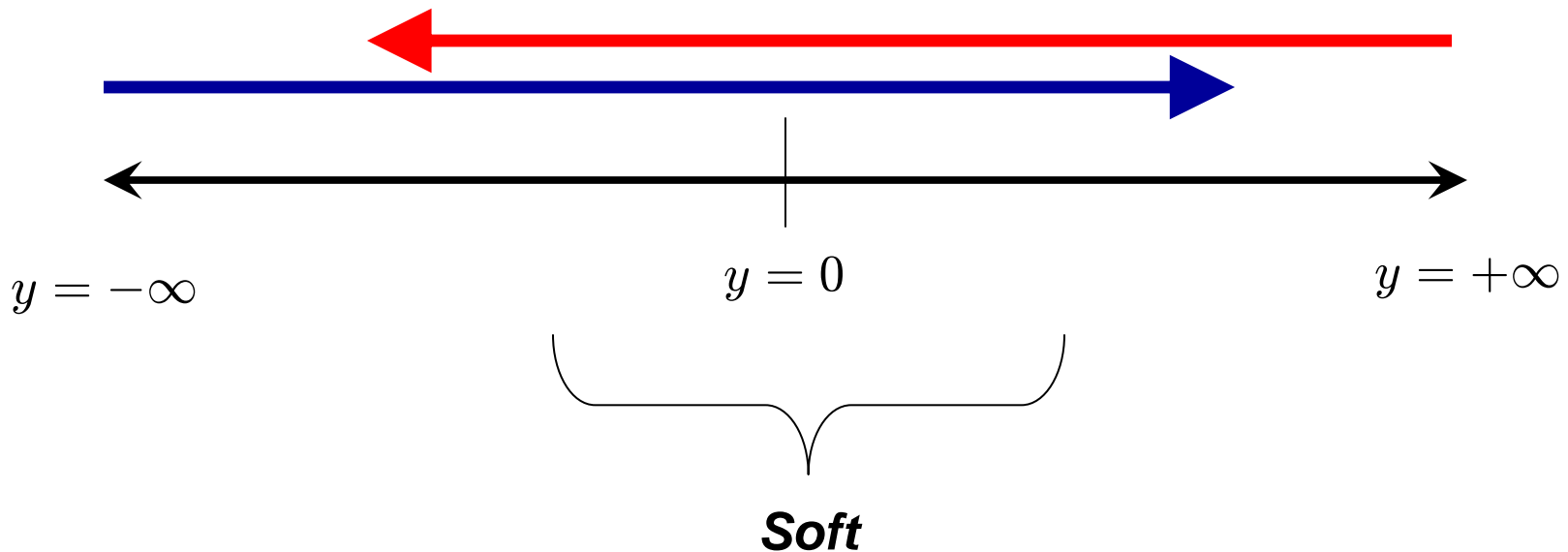
$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \times \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2).$$

Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

Naïve Factorization:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \underbrace{\tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty))}_{\text{red line}} \times \underbrace{\tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}_{\text{blue line}}.$$



Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{\tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \times \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}.$$

Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{\tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \times \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}.$$

- Separate soft part:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{F_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty))}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}} \times \frac{\tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}}.$$

Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{\tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \times \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}.$$

- Separate soft part:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{F_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty))}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}} \times \frac{\tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}}.$$

- Multiply by: $\frac{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}}$

Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{\tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \times \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}.$$

- Separate soft part:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{F_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty))}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}} \times \frac{\tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}}.$$

- Multiply by: $\frac{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}}$

- Rearrange factors: $d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \left\{ F_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \sqrt{\frac{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}} \right\}$
 $\times \left\{ \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2) \sqrt{\frac{\tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty) \tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s)}} \right\}$

Understanding the Definition:

- Start with only the hard part factorized:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{\tilde{F}_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \times \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}.$$

- Separate soft part:

$$d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \frac{F_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty))}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}} \times \frac{\tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2)}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty)}}.$$

- Multiply by: $\frac{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}}$

- Rearrange factors: $d\sigma = |\mathcal{H}|^2 \left\{ F_1^{\text{unsub}}(y_1 - (-\infty)) \sqrt{\frac{\tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty) \tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}} \right\}$

*Separately
Well-defined*

$$\times \left\{ \tilde{F}_2^{\text{unsub}}(+\infty - y_2) \sqrt{\frac{\tilde{S}(y_s, -\infty)}{\tilde{S}(+\infty, -\infty) \tilde{S}(+\infty, y_s)}} \right\}$$

Evolution

- Collins-Soper Equation:

$$- \frac{\partial \ln \tilde{F}(x, b_T, \mu, \zeta)}{\partial \ln \sqrt{\zeta}} = \tilde{K}(b_T; \mu)$$

*Perturbatively
calculable from
definition at small b.*

$$\tilde{K}(b_T; \mu) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial y_n} \ln \frac{\tilde{S}(b_T; y_n, -\infty)}{\tilde{S}(b_T; +\infty, y_n)}$$

- RG:

$$- \frac{d\tilde{K}}{d \ln \mu} = -\gamma_K(g(\mu))$$

$$- \frac{d \ln \tilde{F}(x, b_T; \mu, \zeta)}{d \ln \mu} = -\gamma_F(g(\mu); \zeta/\mu^2)$$

*Perturbatively
calculable, from
definitions*

TMD-Factorization

- TMD-factorization with consistent definitions:

$$\begin{aligned} W^{\mu\nu} = & \sum_f |\mathcal{H}_f(Q; \mu)^2|^{\mu\nu} \\ & \times \int d^2\mathbf{k}_{1T} d^2\mathbf{k}_{2T} F_{f/P_1}(x_1, \mathbf{k}_{1T}; \mu; \zeta_1) F_{\bar{f}/P_2}(x_2, \mathbf{k}_{2T}; \mu; \zeta_2) \\ & \times \delta^{(2)}(\mathbf{k}_{1T} + \mathbf{k}_{2T} - \mathbf{q}_T) \\ & + Y(Q, q_T) + \mathcal{O}((\Lambda/Q)^a). \end{aligned}$$

Implementing Evolution

- After evolution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tilde{F}_{f/H}(x, b_T, \mu, \zeta) &= \sum_j \int_x^1 \frac{d\hat{x}}{\hat{x}} \tilde{C}_{f/j}(x/\hat{x}, b_*; \mu_b, g(\mu_b)) f_{j/H}(x, \mu_b) \times \left. \vphantom{\sum_j} \right\} \text{A} \\
 &\times \exp \left\{ \ln \frac{\sqrt{\zeta}}{\mu_b} \tilde{K}(b_*; \mu_b) + \int_{\mu_b}^{\mu} \frac{d\mu'}{\mu'} \left[\gamma_F(g(\mu'); 1) - \ln \frac{\sqrt{\zeta}}{\mu'} \gamma_K(g(\mu')) \right] \right\} \times \left. \vphantom{\int_{\mu_b}^{\mu}} \right\} \text{B} \\
 &\times \exp \left\{ g_{j/H}(x, b_T) + g_K(b_T) \ln \frac{\sqrt{\zeta}}{Q_0} \right\} \left. \vphantom{\int_{\mu_b}^{\mu}} \right\} \text{C}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b_*(b_T) \equiv \frac{b_T}{\sqrt{1 + b_T^2/b_{max}^2}} \quad \mu_b(b_T) \sim 1/b_*$$

CSS matching procedure

Up Quark TMD PDF, $x = .09$, $Q = 91.19$ GeV

