

C...As an example, consider a main program of the form  
C...Double precision and integer declarations.

```
*=====
  program pyMainERHIC

  include 'pythia.inc'           ! All PYTHIA commons blocks
  include "mc_set.inc"
  include "py6strf.inc"
  include "mcRadCor.inc"
  include "radgen.inc"
  include "phiout.inc"
```

C...Added by liang 1/6/12

C...Switches for nuclear correction

```
COMMON/PYNUCL/INUMOD,CHANUM,ORDER
SAVE /PYNUCL/
DOUBLE PRECISION INUMOD,CHANUM
INTEGER ORDER
```

```
integer NEV, NPRT, ievent, genevent, I, tracknr, ltype
integer lastgenevent, idum1, idum2, initseed, nrtrack
REAL trueX, trueW2, trueNu
DOUBLE PRECISION sqrts, radgamE, radgamp, radgamEnucl
DOUBLE PRECISION pbeamE, pbeta, pgamma, ebeamE, epznucl
CHARACTER PARAM*100
LOGICAL UseLut, GenLut
```

```
C -----
C   Run parameter
```

```
C -----
C   integer*4 today(3), now(3)
```

```
C -----
C   ASCII output file
```

```
C -----
C   integer asciiLun
C   parameter (asciiLun=29)
C   CHARACTER*256 outputfilename
C   CHARACTER*256 outname
```

```
C -----
C   ! ... force block data modules to be read
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```
C   external pydata
C -----
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```
  iModel=0
  pbeam=100.
```

```
ebeam=4.0
ltype=11
masse=PYMASS(11)
massp=PYMASS(2212)
ievent=0
genevent=0
lastgenevent=0
tracknr=0
```

```
C...Read output file name
  READ(*,*) outname
C...Read lepton beam type
  READ(*,*) ltype
C...Read parameters for PYINIT call (beam and target particle energy).
  READ(*,*) pbeam, ebeam
C...Read number of events to generate, and to print.
  READ(*,*) NEV,NPRT
C...Read min/max x of radgen lookup table
  READ(*,*) mcSet_XMin, mcSet_XMax
C...Read min/max y of generation range
  READ(*,*) mcSet_YMin, mcSet_YMax
C...Read min/max Q2 of generation range
  READ(*,*) mcSet_Q2Min, mcSet_Q2Max
C...Read information for cross section used in radgen
  READ(*,*) genSet_FStruct, genSet_R
C...Read parameters of radcorr: do radcorr (1), generate look-up table (2)
  READ(*,*) qedrad
C...Read parameters for PYTHIA-Model = which generation is done
  READ(*,*) iModel
C...Read target type mass and charge
  READ(*,*) mcSet_TarA, mcSet_TarZ
C...Read nuclear pdf parameter mass number A, charge number Z
  READ(*,*) INUMOD, CHANUM
C...Read nuclear pdf correction order
  READ(*,*) ORDER
C...Read information for cross section used in radgen
  100 READ(*,'(A)',END=200) PARAM
     CALL PYGIVE(PARAM)
     GOTO 100
C -----
C...Initialize PYTHIA.
C -----
  200 write(*,*) '*****'
     write(*,*) 'NOW all parameters are read by PYTHIA'
     write(*,*) '*****'
C     call PYLIST(11)
```

```

C      call PYLIST(12)

C      Getting the date and time of the event generation

      call idate(today)   ! today(1)=day, (2)=month, (3)=year
      call itime(now)     ! now(1)=hour, (2)=minute, (3)=second

!      Take date as the SEED for the random number generation

      initseed = today(1) + 10*today(2) + today(3) + now(1) + 5*now(3)
      write(6,*) 'SEED = ', initseed
      call rndmq (idum1,idum2,initseed,' ')

      sqrts=sqrt(4*pbeam*ebeam)
      write(*,*) '*****'
      write(*,*) 'proton beam energy:', pbeam, 'GeV'
      write(*,*) 'lepton beam energy:', ebeam, 'GeV'
      write(*,*) 'resulting sqrt(s):', sqrts, 'GeV'
      write(*,*) '*****'
C      proton is defined in positive z and as target
      P(2,1)=0.0
      P(2,2)=0.0
      P(2,3)=pbeam
C      lepton is defined in negative z and as beam
      P(1,1)=0.0
      P(1,2)=0.0
      P(1,3)=-ebeam

      if (mcSet_TarZ.eq.0) then
        massp=PYMASS(2112)
      else
        massp=PYMASS(2212)
      endif
      masse=PYMASS(ltype)

      pbeamE=sqrt(pbeam**2+massp**2)
      pbeta=pbeam/pbeamE
      pgamma=pbeamE/massp
      ebeamE=sqrt(ebeam**2+masse**2)
      ebeamEnucl=pgamma*ebeamE-pgamma*pbeta*(-ebeam)
      epznucl=-pgamma*pbeta*(ebeamE)+pgamma*(-ebeam)
      write(*,*) ebeamEnucl, ebeamE, epznucl, -ebeam
      mcSet_EneBeam=sngl(ebeamEnucl)

      if (iModel.eq.0) then
        UseLUT=.false.

```

```

    GenLUT=.false.
    qedrad=0
    MSTP(199)=0
    mcRadCor_EBrems=0.
elseif (iModel.eq.1) then
  if (qedrad.eq.0) then
    mcRadCor_EBrems=0.
    UseLUT=.false.
    GenLUT=.false.
    MSTP(199)=1
  elseif (qedrad.eq.1) then
    mcRadCor_EBrems=0.
    UseLUT=.true.
    GenLUT=.false.
    MSTP(199)=1
    call radgen_init(UseLUT,GenLUT)
    write(*,*) 'I have initialized radgen'
  elseif (qedrad.eq.2) then
    write(*,*) 'radgen lookup table will be generated'
    mcRadCor_EBrems=0.
    UseLUT=.true.
    GenLUT=.true.
    MSTP(199)=1
    call radgen_init(UseLUT,GenLUT)
    goto 500
  endif
endif
endif

```

```

if ((mcSet_TarZ.eq.1).and.(ltype.eq.11)) then
  call pyinit ('3MOM','gamma/e-', 'p+', WIN)
elseif ((mcSet_TarZ.eq.1).and.(ltype.eq.-11)) then
  call pyinit ('3MOM','gamma/e+', 'p+', WIN)
elseif ((mcSet_TarZ.eq.0).and.(ltype.eq.-11)) then
  call pyinit ('3MOM','gamma/e+', 'n0', WIN)
elseif ((mcSet_TarZ.eq.0).and.(ltype.eq.11)) then
  call pyinit ('3MOM','gamma/e-', 'n0', WIN)
endif

```

```

C   If we ever want to simulate fixed target we need to change this
C   win=ebeam
C   call pyinit('fixt','gamma/e-', 'p+', WIN)

```

```

C -----
C   Open ascii output file
C -----
outputfilename=outname

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```

        open(asciiLun, file=outputfilename)
        write(*,*) 'the outputfile will be named: ', outname

C -----
C...Event generation loop
C -----

C   This is what we write in the ascii-file

        write(29,*)' PYTHIA EVENT FILE '
        write(29,*)'===== '
        write(29,30)
30    format('I, ievent, genevent, subprocess, nucleon,
& targetparton, xtargparton, beamparton, xbeamparton,
& thetabeamprtn, truey, trueQ2, truex, trueW2, trueNu, leptonphi,
& s_hat, t_hat, u_hat, pt2_hat, Q2_hat, F2, F1, R, sigma_rad,
& SigRadCor, EBrems, photonflux, nrTracks')
        write(29,*)'===== '

        write(29,*)' I K(I,1) K(I,2) K(I,3) K(I,4) K(I,5)
& P(I,1) P(I,2) P(I,3) P(I,4) P(I,5) V(I,1) V(I,2) V(I,3)'
        write(29,*)'===== '

999   DO 300 IEV=1,NEV
        CALL PYEVNT
        if (MSTI(61).eq.1) then
            write(*,*) 'go back to PYEVNT call'
            goto 999
        endif
C     CALL PYLIST(2)

        ievent=IEV
        genevent=NGEN(0,3)-lastgenevent

        trueX = VINT(307)/VINT(309)/(4*pbeam*ebeam)
        trueW2 = massp**2 + VINT(307)*(1/trueX-1)
        trueNu = (trueW2 + VINT(307) - massp**2)/(2.*massp)
        if (mcRadCor_EBrems.gt.0.) then
            radgamEnucl=sqrt(dplabg(1)**2+dplabg(2)**2+dplabg(3)**2)
            radgamE=pgamma*radgamEnucl-pgamma*pbeta*dplabg(3)
            radgamp=-pgamma*pbeta*radgamEnucl+pgamma*dplabg(3)
C     write(*,*) radgamEnucl, radgamE, dplabg(3), radgamp
        else
            radgamEnucl=0D0
            radgamE=0D0
            radgamp=0D0

```

```

endif

tracknr=N
if (mcRadCor_EBrems.gt.0.) then
  nrtrack=tracknr+1
else
  nrtrack=tracknr
endif

if ((msti(1).ge.91).and.(msti(1).le.94)) msti(16)=0

write(29,32) 0, ievent, genevent, msti(1), msti(12),
&      msti(16), pari(34), msti(15), pari(33), pari(53),
&      VINT(309), VINT(307), trueX, trueW2, trueNu,
&      VINT(313), pari(14), pari(15), pari(16),
&      pari(18), pari(22), sngl(py6f2), sngl(py6f1),
&      py6r, mcRadCor_Sigrad, mcRadCor_sigcor, radgamEnucl,
&      VINT(319), nrtrack
32  format((I4,1x,$),(I10,1x,$),3(I4,1x,$),(I10,1x,$),f9.6,1x,$,
&      I12,1x,$,
&      2(f12.6,1x,$),7(f18.11,3x,$),11(f19.9,3x,$),I12,/)
write(29,*)'=====

DO I=1,tracknr
  if (K(I,3).le.nrtrack) then
  write(29,34) I,K(I,1),K(I,2),K(I,3),K(I,4),K(I,5),
&      P(I,1),P(I,2),P(I,3),P(I,4),P(I,5),
&      V(I,1),V(I,2),V(I,3)
  endif
ENDDO
  if (mcRadCor_EBrems.gt.0.) then
    write(29,34) nrtrack, 55, 22, 1, 0, 0,
&      sngl(dplabg(1)),sngl(dplabg(2)),sngl(-radgamp),
&      sngl(radgamE), 0., 0., 0., 0.
  endif
34  format(2(I6,1x,$),I10,1x,$,3(I8,1x,$),8(f15.6,1x,$),/)
write(29,*)'===== Event finished ====='
lastgenevent=NGEN(0,3)

```

300 CONTINUE

C...Print cross sections.

```

CALL PYSTAT(1)
CALL PYSTAT(4)

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```

write(*,*)"The charm mass used is: ", PMAS(4,1)

```

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C...Print the Pythia cross section which is needed to get an absolut
C  normalisation the number is in microbarns
      write(*,*)'=====
      write(*,*)'Pythia total cross section normalisation:',
&      pari(1)*1000, ' microbarn'
      write(*,*)'Total Number of generated events', MSTI(5)
      write(*,*)'Total Number of trials', NGEN(0,3)
      write(*,*)'=====
      close(29)

500  if (qedrad.eq.2) then
      write(*,*) 'lookup table is generated;'
      write(*,*) 'to run now pythia change parameter qedrad to 1'
      endif

C...Check pdf status
      call PDFSTA
      END

```